

ARKANSAS SOFT PINE HAND BOOK

FOR SALE BY
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GENERAL OFFICES, REHRIG BUILDING
SCRANTON, PA.
BELL PHONE 2-4410
SERVICE SATISFACTION QUALITY



THIS BOOK CONTAINS THE
8000 MOULDING LIST

ARKANSAS SOFT PINE

SATIN-LIKE INTERIOR TRIM
CLEAR & KNOTTY PANELING
SOFT, WORKABLE COMMON LUMBER

8000 MOULDING LIST

Effective March, 1925

Wood Mouldings and Universal Sizes

ILLUSTRATED



*Concise description of Arkansas Soft Pine and its proper use.
Moulding designs full finished size. Lists
per hundred lineal feet*

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ARKANSAS SOFT PINE BUREAU
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS



Characteristic Stand of Arkansas Soft Pine Timber

Here's the "Reason Why" of ARKANSAS SOFT PINE *Satin-like Interior Trim*

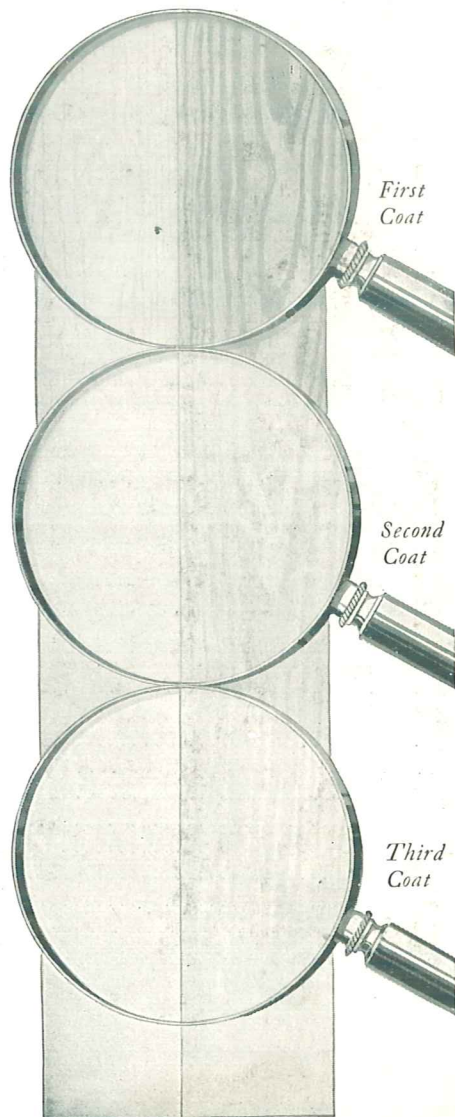
WITH the painter's brush, we show you here exactly how the natural physical qualities of Arkansas Soft Pine Trim produce a beautiful, lasting enameled surface. The left-hand piece is a casing of Arkansas Soft Pine, a wood of fine texture, close grain, freedom from pitch, and possessing those absorbing qualities indispensable to a satisfactory finish either in enamel or stain.

This "close-up" shows exactly why Arkansas Soft Pine is in a class by itself among moderate priced woods for fine woodwork in homes of the better sort. May we show you the wood itself as well as a variety of artistically finished panels? It will be a pleasure to do so!

1st Coat Note how evenly the priming coat of white lead is absorbed and that the delicate figure of the wood is almost hidden. This coat sinks into the fibre of the wood itself and becomes a part of it. On the other piece observe that the hard streaks of the grain are scarcely affected by the first coat because it cannot penetrate the rosin.

2nd Coat Here the figure of the Arkansas Soft Pine casing is already entirely hidden while that of the heavier, resinous wood still shows plainly. As this heavier piece ages, the sap growth will shrink, leaving the pitch streaks high, resulting in what is commonly called "raised grain." As there are no pitch streaks in Arkansas Soft Pine Interior Trim, there is no possibility of raised grain.

3rd Coat This proves the pudding. Here we see the Arkansas Soft Pine strip as pure white as porcelain—and as smooth. Whereas the non-absorbent, resinous strip still repels the applied enamel at every line of summer (dense) growth.



INDEX

	Page		Page
Arkansas Soft Pine, How to Finish	10	Hook Strip	21
Arkansas Soft Pine, Weights of	11	Index to Mouldings by Number	57, 58, 59
Astragals	40	Lattice	26
Apron	22	List Price of Mouldings	57, 58, 59
Back Band	28, 29	Mouldings, Table of Sizes	12
Balusters	41	Paneling, Illustrated	64
Band	20	Nosings	19
Base Mouldings	30, 34, 35	Panel Mouldings	20
Battens	19, 23	Panel Strips	22, 23
Bead and Cove Casings	27	Partition Cap and Shoe	25
Bead Stops	19	Pew Back Rail	21
Bed	15, 16	Picture	22
Blackboard	41	Plate Rail	43
Board Measure, Table of	11	Porch Baluster Stock	41, 42
Brick	16	Quarter Rounds	17
Cap	31 to 33	Return Beads	17
Cap and Back Band	31	Screen	19
Casing	27 to 30	Shelf Cleat	21
Ceiling Coves	16	Staff-Bed and Brick Mouldings	16
Chair Rail	21	Stair Rail	43
Corner Beads	21	Stepping	42
Cornice	20	Stops	19
Coves	16, 17	Square Members, Casing and Base	23
Crown	13, 14, 15	Table of Sizes	12
Drip Caps	26	Three Member Base	34
Extension Jambs	37	Thresholds	25
Frame Material	36 to 39	Wainscoting Caps	21
Half Rounds	17	Window Stools	24
Handy Moulding List	60	Water Table	26, 36
		Window and Door Stops	18

INDEX TO SUPPLEMENT

	Page		Page
Astragals	47	Glass Stops	46
Aprons	50	Half Rounds	46
Back Bands	49	Hook Strips	47
Balusters	52	Lattice	47
Base	55, 56	Nosings	48
Battens	48	Panel Strips and Moulds	47, 48
Bed	45, 52	Picture	54
Brick	51, 52, 53	Plaster	52, 53
Casings	49, 53	Quarter Rounds	46
Cap Trim	54	Return Beads	45
Chair Rails	47	Rounds	47
Corner Beads	47	Screen	46
Cove	46	Screen Stock	51
Crown	44, 45, 52	Sprung Cove	46
Drip	52, 53	Stops	50
Drip Cap	48	Thresholds	48
Drop Siding, Patterns	56	Wainscot Cap	54
Fillet	54	Window Trim	54
Frieze	46	Window Trim, Sections of	53
		Window Stools	51

H A N D B O O K

O N

Arkansas Soft Pine

WHEREIN lies the difference between Arkansas Soft Pine and so-called "Georgia Pine?" is one of the most frequent questions regarding this wood. The difference is pronounced in every respect. Arkansas Soft Pine is a superior quality of soft textured short leaf pine known botanically as "*Pinus echinata*." Because of certain characteristics, namely, its freedom from excessive pitch, its light, soft, lustrous texture and fine grain, this wood has long been in demand among builders for certain uses in preference to the more resinous heavy species of other pines of the South.

So-called "Georgia Pine" on the other hand is of the "*Pinus palustris*" branch of the pine family, more commonly termed long leaf. It grows in all Gulf States from Florida to Texas; it is a heavy, dense, resinous wood adapted to uses calling for extreme tensile strength, but has not proven uniformly satisfactory for use as interior trim, particularly under white enamel. In the latter case, this has been due to its marked tendency to stain the enamel from underneath—owing to the action of the resinous oil which works out of the wood and through the flat white to the enameled surface, thus causing discoloration.

INDIVIDUAL ADVANTAGES

The advantages of Arkansas Soft Pine, therefore, lie in the merits enumerated above

in the first paragraph. These individual physical qualities render it particularly adapted to use as interior trim and paneling both in clear and knotty stock. It also serves especially well as ceiling, lap siding, barn boards, shiplap, roofing, sheathing and in all other items of the lower grades. It should be stated also that average stock from the Arkansas Soft Pine log possesses adequate strength for all stresses and loads to be expected in the construction of residences as well as that of store and apartment buildings of moderate size. Stock joists and rafters 2x6, 2x8, 2x10 and 2x12 inches for example will serve with a wide margin of safety when used over spans not to exceed 18 or 20 feet.

In this connection, Government tests conducted by the Forest Service Department* give the modulus of rupture on short leaf at 13,900 pounds as against 16,700 for long leaf, the maximum crushing strength at 8,660 pounds as against 10,880 pounds and the shearing strength parallel to grain at 1,390 as against 1,640 pounds per square inch.

Thus it is evident that Arkansas Soft Pine dimension may be safely employed for rafters even in factories or warehouses where the spans are not of extreme length.

For framing material in residential and construction of similar character requiring dimensions, boards, shiplap, etc., Arkansas

*Forest Service Bulletin No. 556

Soft Pine will be found ultra-satisfactory for the following reasons:

All piece stuff has more than ample strength to carry loads of the class already mentioned. Furthermore, it is a material of great toughness of fiber which cuts readily and yet does not split easily when nailed. Consequently, close fitting, knife joints are possible at all toe nails and miters.

The same inherent, tough, resilient fiber characterizes all common grades of inch lumber. Boards, sheathing, etc., may, therefore, be easily, yet securely nailed with the minimum of effort. Carpenters who have worked in all White Pine endorse Arkansas Soft Pine as the nearest approach to that famous wood in softness and "workability." Due to those same characteristics which include in addition, the absence of excessive pitch, the wood takes paint in a thorough-going manner and holds it permanently without any subsequent boiling out or oozing of the pitch through the pigment. Properly mixed lead and oil will adhere to Arkansas Soft Pine over indefinite terms and will require renewing only when the paint itself has yielded to the atmospheric elements.

"Nearly three-fourths of all woods employed for manufacturing purposes in Arkansas is Short Leaf Pine Short Leaf Pine in Arkansas is generally considered of a higher grade than the same species grown in other regions It is a favorite material for sash, doors and ceiling and is well liked for flooring Short leaf grows faster than long leaf, particularly during the first thirty or forty years, and the sap wood is thick."

SPLENDID FLOORING MATERIAL

Arkansas Soft Pine flooring is manufactured in approximately ten grades from heart rift down to No. 2, common, flat grain. (See grading rules[⊙]). Rift sawn (edge grain), is especially desirable for flooring and admits of no pieces in which

the angle of the grain exceeds 45 degrees from vertical to any point. The most satisfactory pattern measures 25/32x3 inch nominal (2 $\frac{3}{8}$ inch face) and usually runs 8 feet to 20 feet in length, the greatest percentage being 8 feet to 16 feet. In the finished floor, the longer lengths reduce the number of end joints to a minimum, a decided advantage when small rugs are used. With Arkansas Soft Pine, a room of any width from 8 to 16 feet may be laid in one length of flooring, thereby eliminating end joints entirely and supplying a completed floor of mirror-like smoothness. The finished floor, when properly scraped and sanded, will take any desired treatment in stains, varnish, gloss or waxed and produces a long wearing floor of attractive appearance. (See formulae, page 10.)

†"Inside and outside trim for houses is manufactured from short leaf. (Do not forget that short leaf in Arkansas is of a higher grade than any other.) It is widely used for flooring and is recommended both by its appearance and because of its wearing qualities; it responds readily to oils, wax and other floor finishes and dressings.—Plaster lath are products of the short leaf pine forests. Many of the larger lumber mills of the South, particularly in Arkansas advertise their short leaf as a specialty."

IDENTIFIED BY TRADE MARK

For the purpose of assisting buyers in securing this identical material when they so specify, the manufacturers of Arkansas Soft Pine, composing the Arkansas Soft Pine Bureau, have adopted the registered trade-mark appearing on the title page of this book. This emblem is an identification whereby the architect and dealer may assure himself that his client actually receives *the material chosen. The mark itself is in turn a guarantee of reliable material, behind which stand the manufacturers whose product must adhere to established standards*

of grade and quality to earn the privilege of identification afforded by the mark.

ARKANSAS SOFT PINE IS ALSO GRADE-MARKED

The establishment of the practice of grade-marking lumber was for protection of the public. Unless grade-marking is supervised by the organization responsible for the formulation and maintenance of grading standards, the protective influence of that grade-mark is nil. A grade-mark is something more than the individual shipper's idea of the grade—it is the industry's guarantee of proper grade and is founded upon close supervision and policing by the industry's inspection department.

Next below is an illustration of the kind of grade-mark which appears on Arkansas Soft Pine. It shows grade, trade-mark, mill number or name, and the characters which indicate proper supervision.



YOUR QUESTION ANSWERED

Why should the Arkansas product be superior to short leaf of other regions? is a natural question. The answer will be found in the following:

‡“In Arkansas, in the hilly and mountainous regions on both sides of the Arkansas River are over 19,000 square miles in extent of short leaf pine which forms a large part of the tree covering of the siliceous, rocky soil and frequently extensive forests on the wide tablelands. On the uplands of yellow loam south of the hills (the exact location of the Bureau mills), the tree predominates, especially on the low ridge of gravel and loam.” Thus it is established that the Arkansas Short Leaf is virtually a Simon-pure species, for which reason, the Arkansas tree amid salubrious and favorable

environment, unaffected by parasites or encroaching growths of other species, attains perfection.

The same report continues regarding short leaf as a whole: “Freer from resinous matter, softer, more easily worked . . . the lumber of short leaf pine is often preferred by the cabinet maker and house carpenter. It is principally used for lighter framework in buildings, for weather boarding, floorings, ceiling . . . casings for windows and doors and for frames and sash of all kinds.

“The sapwood is clearly defined, being quite broad and often in very old trees, forms fully one-half the total volume of the trunk. In thirteen trees 100 to 150 years old, the average width of sapwood was found to be about 4 inches, while often in trees over 150 years old, its average width was 3 inches. In the former case, the sapwood estimated 65% to 70% of the volume of the logs. In the latter, 50% to 55%, while in a set of trees 50 to 100 years old, it formed fully 80% of all the wood. The change from sapwood to heartwood begins when the tree is about 25 to 30 years old and is retarded more and more with age, so that in old trees, as many as 80 or even 100 rings are counted in the sapwood while in young and thrifty trees, not more than 30 to 40 occur.

“As in other pines, the butt is 15% to 20% heavier than the top and the wood of the inner 40 to 50 rings excels in weight and strength the wood of the outer part of old logs.”

Referring to the foregoing paragraph, it is from the heavier butt logs that flooring stock is cut in order to take advantage of the more dense growth which in the finished product will stand up under hard wear. Heart face, edge grain, Arkansas Soft Pine flooring is practically indestructible. It is made from the same class of stock as was used for ship decking in the prime days of America's Merchant Marine.

CHARACTER OF FINISH STOCK

It is from the thick, clear sapwood with its fine, lustrous texture and virtual absence of resinous oils that the highest grade of interior finish is manufactured and it is because of the large percentage of this clear material peculiar to South Central Arkansas timber that Arkansas Soft Pine attains its maximum of value, merit and beauty when employed as interior trim.

Owing to the physical characteristics already enumerated, combined with well-balanced absorbing qualities—due to the absence of pitch—interior trim of this wood will take stains and enamels with thoroughly satisfying results. A wide choice of figure is possible, due to the variety of grain, and by selection, certain patterns of bold or conservative figure may be assembled for the complete finishing of individual rooms. Patterns which resemble the more rare and costly woods thus can be chosen and with appropriate color treatment be made to supply a rich woodwork at moderate cost. When stains or enamels are applied, the first coat of stain or lead and oil is absorbed to a proper degree of penetration.

INDIVIDUAL TREATMENT

In finishing Arkansas Soft Pine for enamelled effects, a priming coat of very thin white shellac should be used. It is important however that this application *should be thin* and not heavy because the latter fills and closes the pores of the wood preventing the proper penetration of the enamel white coat into the fibre of the wood. The well balanced absorbing qualities of Arkansas Soft Pine are important factors to the beautiful enamelled finishes accomplished on this wood. When stains are used the first coat applied should be the stain itself which impregnates the wood becoming integral with it. This establishes an even color throughout the area of the woodwork. Subsequent fading, discoloration or raised grain are effectually discounted in advance.

PROPER SANDING IMPORTANT

A prime prerequisite is that flat faced finish shall be machine sanded.* If the local lumber yard is not equipped with such apparatus, the work may be done for a nominal charge at any first class planing mill. This method is preferable, as it insures a smooth, polished surface on the natural wood and eliminates the liability of scuffing as is so often done when the wood is worked on the bench by hand with a steel scraper or block and sandpaper. After coming from the machine, the pieces should be wrapped in paper as a precaution against finger-marks and dust and handled with due care until delivery to the job is made.

After installation and when the painter begins his work, the applied finish is, by nature of the wood, tenaciously and thoroughly embraced by the tough, resilient fiber, so that it actually becomes an integral part of the wood itself. A fixed surface is thus established and as the wood ages, it likewise hardens and thus provides the base upon which the final treatment retains its luster.

PROPERLY BALANCED ABSORPTION

Any prejudice which may have existed against soft woods as interior trim, has been due in part to the tendency of some of them to over-absorb the varnishes or enamels. While Arkansas Soft Pine is a soft wood, it is not of that cork-like softness which literally "drinks up" oils and varnishes. The tough fiber prevents that contingency.

Particular emphasis is laid on the merit of this wood as a base for white enamel. The absence of rosin or oil content insures against any possibility of staining the white surface from underneath. The close fiber takes the flat white coat with a perfectly uniform absorption, nor is any trouble experienced with raised grain, as the fine texture of the wood has no such tendency. The enameled coats, therefore, when finished, are perfectly smooth and the ultimate result equals in every respect that which is obtained on the more costly woods so frequently recommended.

Arkansas Soft Pine Bureau

*The Bureau Mills furnish sanded finish.



Typical Figure in Arkansas Soft Pine Interior Trim

How to Finish Arkansas Soft Pine

Arkansas Soft Pine is an ideal wood for finishing, owing to its fine texture and close grain. So varied is its figure in some instances that many successful reproductions of oak, mahogany and other effects can be obtained with it. It is also well adapted to white enamel finishing, as unlike some species of Pine, it absorbs the undercoating and enamel evenly, giving a finish of satin-like smoothness. Moreover, this wood positively will not discolor the enamel from underneath. For this purpose, it is an unnecessary expenditure of money to use any more costly wood, as white enamel hides the surface over which it is applied. As in the finishing of all woods, best results are secured only by using the right stain, varnish or enamel. When quality materials are selected and carefully applied, the result leaves little to be desired in beauty or permanency.

NATURAL FINISH

INTERIOR TRIM

- 1 coat of Liquid Wood Filler.
- 2 coats of Interior Trim Varnish.
- Left in gloss, rubbed dull or polished as desired.

FLOORS

- 3 coats of best Floor Varnish.

EXTERIOR WORK

- 1 coat of Floor Varnish.
- 2 coats of Exterior Varnish.

STAINED FINISHES WITH GLOSS VARNISH

Oil Stains are best adapted to Arkansas Soft Pine in the following shades: Light Oak, Dark Oak, Weathered Oak, Cherry, Rosewood, Walnut, Golden Oak, Forest Green, Antique, Mahogany and Dark Mahogany. Following are the specifications:

INTERIOR TRIM

- 1 coat of Oil Stain.
- 1 coat of Liquid Wood Filler.
- 2 coats of Interior Trim Varnish.
- Left in gloss, rubbed dull or polished as desired.

FLOORS

- 1 coat of Oil Stain.
- 2 or 3 coats of Floor Varnish.

EXTERIOR WORK

- 1 coat of Oil Stain.
- 1 coat of Floor Varnish.
- 2 coats of Exterior Varnish.

DULL VARNISH FINISH

The surface for a varnish or enamel finish should be cleaned and sandpapered smooth with No. 0 or No. 00 Sandpaper. Touch up any knots or sappy places with pure white Shellac. Machine sanding is always advised when possible.

INTERIOR TRIM

- 1 coat of Oil Stain.
- 1 coat of Liquid Wood Filler.
- 1 coat of Dull Varnish.

SILVER GRAY EFFECT

The unique Silver Gray effect requires special treatment, differing from the other color effects, and is best obtained with an Acid Stain. Acid Stains are primarily intended for hard woods and not for soft woods such as Arkansas Pine, but for a Silver Gray effect on Arkansas Pine there is no better method than the specifications listed below. This specification is not suitable for floors or exterior work.

INTERIOR TRIM—DULL VARNISH FINISH

- 1 coat of Silver Gray Acid Stain.
- 1 coat of White Paste Filler.
- 1 coat of Shellac.
- 1 coat of Dull Varnish.

ENAMEL FINISH

In enamel finishing particularly it is extremely important that all knots are given a thin coat of pure white shellac before finishing. Where a dull finish is wanted without the expense of rubbing, use an "Egg-shell" Enamel.

INTERIOR TRIM

- 1 coat of Pure White Lead mixed with equal parts of Linseed Oil and Turpentine, with a small amount of Dryer added.
- 2 coats of Enamel Undercoating.
- 2 coats of Enamel.
- Left in gloss or rubbed dull as desired.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

PREPARATION OF SURFACE

The surface for a varnish or enamel finish should be cleaned and sandpapered smooth with No. 0 or No. 00 Sandpaper. Touch up any knots or sappy places with pure white Shellac. Machine sanding is always advised when possible.

HOW TO APPLY THE STAIN

Apply evenly with a varnish brush. Allow 24 hours to dry. Turpentine added to Oil Stains gives a lighter shade. Wiping off an Oil Stain with a soft cloth about five minutes after it is applied also produces a lighter shade, and this is always done with Antique, Weathered Oak and Golden Oak Stains, also for a lighter shade of Forest Green.

Before applying the Silver Gray Acid Stain the wood should first be sponged with cold water and sandpapered when dry. Also sandpapered again when the stain is dry, which is not necessary when using an Oil Stain. Add water to make Silver Gray Acid Stain lighter.

HOW TO APPLY LIQUID WOOD FILLER, SHELLAC, VARNISH AND ENAMEL

Apply evenly with a varnish brush of a size adapted to the work in hand. Allow Shellac and Liquid Wood Filler 24 hours to dry; Floor Varnish and Interior Trim Varnish 48 hours. Allow Exterior Varnish 4 days to dry, as well as the final coat of Interior Trim Varnish when it is to be rubbed or polished. Sandpaper each coat of Liquid Wood Filler, Shellac or Varnish when dry before applying the next coat, with No. 00 or No. 0 Sandpaper.

NOTE—We are indebted to Pratt & Lambert, Inc., the well-known varnish makers for the above specifications and directions. They will be glad to answer any questions regarding the finishing of Arkansas Soft Pine. Address the Advisory Department, Pratt & Lambert, Inc., 75-79 Tonawanda Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

HOW TO OBTAIN A RUBBED OR POLISHED FINISH

To rub Varnish to a dull finish use a piece of rubbing felt about four inches square dipped alternately in finely pulverized pumice stone and crude oil or pulverized pumice stone and water. For a very dull finish use hair cloth or curled hair, crude oil and a coarse grade of pumice stone. When oil is used, after the gloss is thoroughly removed the work should be wiped off with clean, soft cloths or cotton waste. When water is used, the surface should be washed with water and dried with a chamois skin, then oiled off with linseed or rubbing oil used sparingly on a soft cloth or cotton waste. The water rub method is the only one suitable for rubbing White Enamel.

For a polished finish carry out the water rub method to the point of oiling off, then rub with rotten stone and oil or rotten stone and water. Where rotten stone and water is used, finally apply a little rotten stone to the palm of the hand, bringing up the high polish by the friction of the hand. After the surface has been polished, oil off in the same manner as described above for the water rub finish.

COVERING CAPACITIES

Liquid Wood Filler and Stains—about 500 square feet per gallon; Varnish, Shellac and Enamel—about 600 square feet per gallon.

HOW TO REFINISH OLD WORK

If in good condition, clean and sandpaper and apply a coat or two of varnish; if in bad condition, or it is desired to stain a different color, remove the varnish with varnish remover and finish as for new wood. The old finish need not be removed where enamel is to be applied, but preliminary touching up of all chipped places with the enamel or paint is desirable before giving the entire surface the first coat.

Table of Board Measure

Size in Inches		LENGTH IN FEET											
		10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32
2 x 4.....	6 $\frac{3}{4}$	8	9 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	12	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	16	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	20	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	23 $\frac{1}{2}$
2 x 6.....	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	36
2 x 8.....	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	16	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	24	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	32	34 $\frac{1}{2}$	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	48
2 x 10.....	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	20	23 $\frac{1}{2}$	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	30	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	36 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	50	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	60
2 x 12.....	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	72
2 x 14.....	23 $\frac{1}{2}$	28	32 $\frac{1}{2}$	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	42	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	56	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	70	74 $\frac{1}{2}$	84
2 x 16.....	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	32	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	48	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	64	69 $\frac{1}{2}$	74 $\frac{1}{2}$	80	85 $\frac{1}{2}$	100
2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 12.....	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	90
2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14.....	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	35	40 $\frac{1}{2}$	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	64 $\frac{1}{2}$	70	75 $\frac{1}{2}$	81 $\frac{1}{2}$	87 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	108
2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 16.....	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	66 $\frac{1}{2}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$	80	86 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	100	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	128
3 x 6.....	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48	56
3 x 8.....	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	72
3 x 10.....	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	90
3 x 12.....	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72	78	84	90	96	112
3 x 14.....	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84	91	98	105	112	132
3 x 16.....	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96	104	112	120	128	156
4 x 4.....	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	16	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	24	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	32	34 $\frac{1}{2}$	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	48
4 x 6.....	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	72
4 x 8.....	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	32	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	48	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	64	69 $\frac{1}{2}$	74 $\frac{1}{2}$	80	85 $\frac{1}{2}$	100
4 x 10.....	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	66 $\frac{1}{2}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$	80	86 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	100	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	128
4 x 12.....	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96	104	112	120	128	156
4 x 14.....	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	56	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	74 $\frac{1}{2}$	84	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	102 $\frac{1}{2}$	112	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	130 $\frac{1}{2}$	140	149 $\frac{1}{2}$	180
6 x 6.....	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72	78	84	90	96	112
6 x 8.....	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96	104	112	120	128	156
6 x 10.....	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	192
6 x 12.....	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144	156	168	180	192	232
6 x 14.....	70	84	98	112	126	140	154	168	182	196	210	224	272
6 x 16.....	80	96	112	128	144	160	176	192	208	224	240	256	312
8 x 8.....	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	64	74 $\frac{1}{2}$	85 $\frac{1}{2}$	96	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	128*	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	149 $\frac{1}{2}$	160	170 $\frac{1}{2}$	208
8 x 10.....	66 $\frac{1}{2}$	80	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	133 $\frac{1}{2}$	146 $\frac{1}{2}$	160	173 $\frac{1}{2}$	186 $\frac{1}{2}$	200	213 $\frac{1}{2}$	264
8 x 12.....	80	96	112	128	144	160	176	192	208	224	240	256	312
8 x 14.....	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	112	130 $\frac{1}{2}$	149 $\frac{1}{2}$	168	186 $\frac{1}{2}$	205 $\frac{1}{2}$	224	242 $\frac{1}{2}$	261 $\frac{1}{2}$	280	298 $\frac{1}{2}$	368
10 x 10.....	83 $\frac{1}{2}$	100	116 $\frac{1}{2}$	133 $\frac{1}{2}$	150	166 $\frac{1}{2}$	183 $\frac{1}{2}$	200	216 $\frac{1}{2}$	233 $\frac{1}{2}$	250	266 $\frac{1}{2}$	336
10 x 12.....	100	120	140	160	180	200	220	240	260	280	300	320	400
10 x 14.....	116 $\frac{1}{2}$	140	163 $\frac{1}{2}$	186 $\frac{1}{2}$	210	233 $\frac{1}{2}$	256 $\frac{1}{2}$	280	303 $\frac{1}{2}$	326 $\frac{1}{2}$	350	373 $\frac{1}{2}$	464
10 x 16.....	133 $\frac{1}{2}$	160	186 $\frac{1}{2}$	213 $\frac{1}{2}$	240	266 $\frac{1}{2}$	293 $\frac{1}{2}$	320	346 $\frac{1}{2}$	373 $\frac{1}{2}$	400	426 $\frac{1}{2}$	536
12 x 12.....	120	144	168	192	216	240	264	288	312	336	360	384	480
12 x 14.....	140	168	196	224	252	280	308	336	364	392	420	448	560
12 x 16.....	160	192	224	256	288	320	352	384	416	448	480	512	640
14 x 14.....	163 $\frac{1}{2}$	196	228 $\frac{1}{2}$	261 $\frac{1}{2}$	294	326 $\frac{1}{2}$	359 $\frac{1}{2}$	392	424 $\frac{1}{2}$	457 $\frac{1}{2}$	490	522 $\frac{1}{2}$	656
14 x 16.....	186 $\frac{1}{2}$	224	261 $\frac{1}{2}$	298 $\frac{1}{2}$	336	373 $\frac{1}{2}$	410 $\frac{1}{2}$	448	485 $\frac{1}{2}$	522 $\frac{1}{2}$	560	597 $\frac{1}{2}$	744

Average Weight of
Arkansas Soft Pine

When Worked to Standard Size

DRY

*Flooring, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	1,800
Flooring, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$	1,900
Flooring, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 5 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,100
Ceiling, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	900
Ceiling, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	1,100
Ceiling, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	1,400
Ceiling, 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	1,700
Partition, 3 $\frac{1}{4}$	1,800
Siding, from inch stock.....	1,000
Siding, from 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch stock.....	1,250
Drop Siding, 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ and Moulded Casing.....	1,800
Moulded Base.....	2,000
Finish, inch S 1 S or S 2 S, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,400
Finish, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 inch, S 1 S or S 2 S.....	2,700
Finish, 1, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 inch, rough.....	3,200
Industrial Standard Finish, 1 inch, S 1 S or S 2 S to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,500
Industrial Standard Finish, 2 inch, S 1 S or S 2 S to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,900

SHIPPING DRY

1x4, S 2 S and C. M., 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,100
1x6, S 1 S and C. M., 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,200
Shiplap and D. & M., 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,300

*For hollow back flooring, ceiling and drop siding, deduct 100 lbs.

Grooved Roofing.....	2,300
Common Boards and Fencing, 1x4, 6, 8, 10 inch, S 1 S or S 2 S to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,400
Common Boards, 1x12, S 1 S or S 2 S to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,500
Industrial Standard Boards, 1 inch, 8 to 12 inches, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,600
Common Boards and Fencing, 1x4, 6, 8, 10 inch, rough.....	3,300
Common Boards, 1x12, rough.....	3,400
2x4, 2x6, and 2x8, S 1 S 1 E to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,500
2x4, 2x6 and 2x8, rough.....	3,300
2x10 and 2x12, S 1 S 1 E to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,600
2x10 and 2x12, rough.....	3,300
Industrial Standard 2x4, 2x6, 2x8, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,700
Industrial Standard 2x10, 2x12, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,800

GREEN

2x14 and 3x12, S 1 S 1 E.....	3,500
2x14 and 3x12, rough.....	4,200
3x4 and 6x6, S 1 S 1 E.....	3,500
4x4 and 6x8, rough.....	4,200
8x8 and over, rough.....	4,200

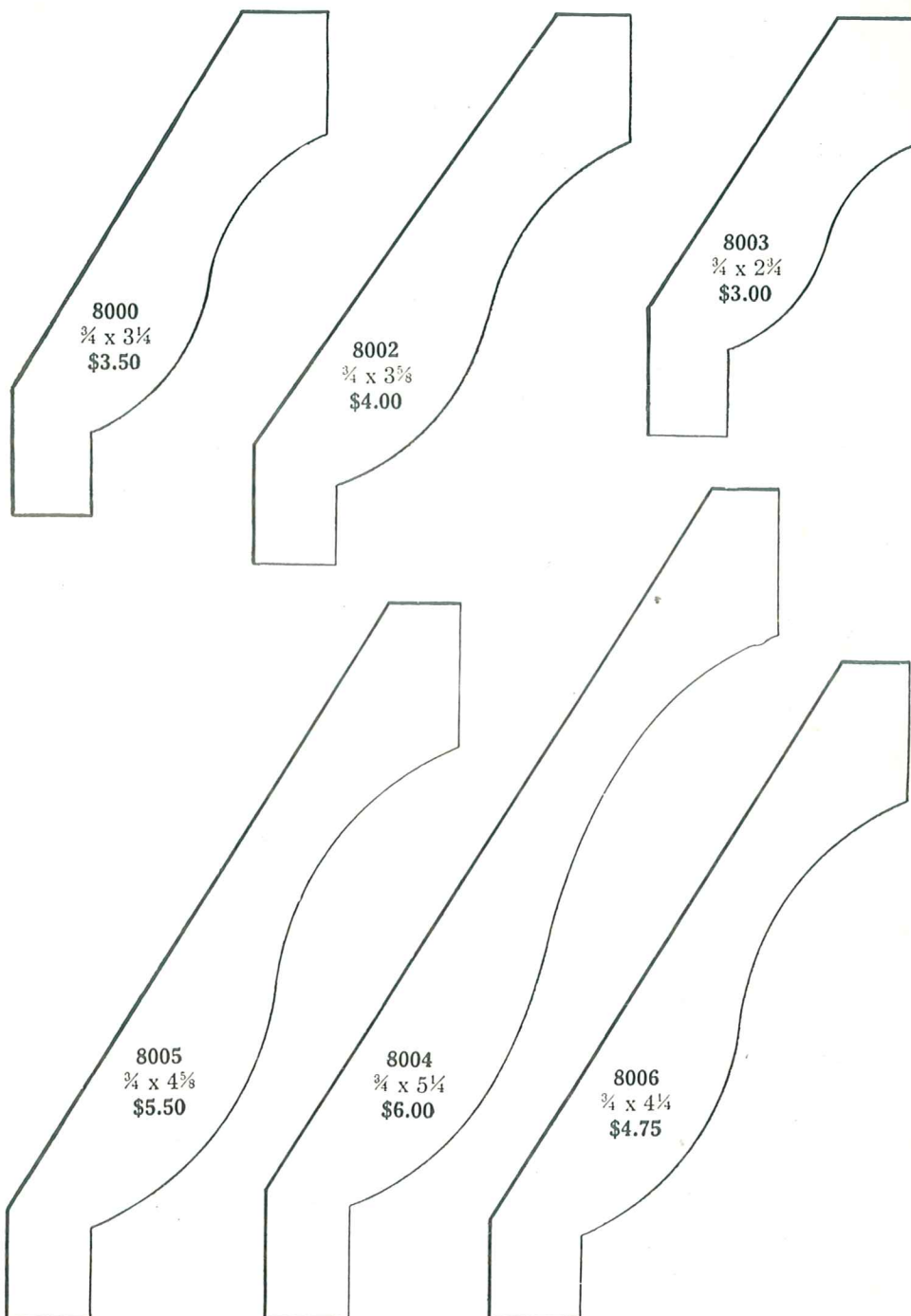
Plastering Lath, dry.....	500
Byrkit Lath, dry.....	1,650

TABLE OF SIZES

Showing Finished Sizes Obtainable from Rough Sizes with Least Waste.

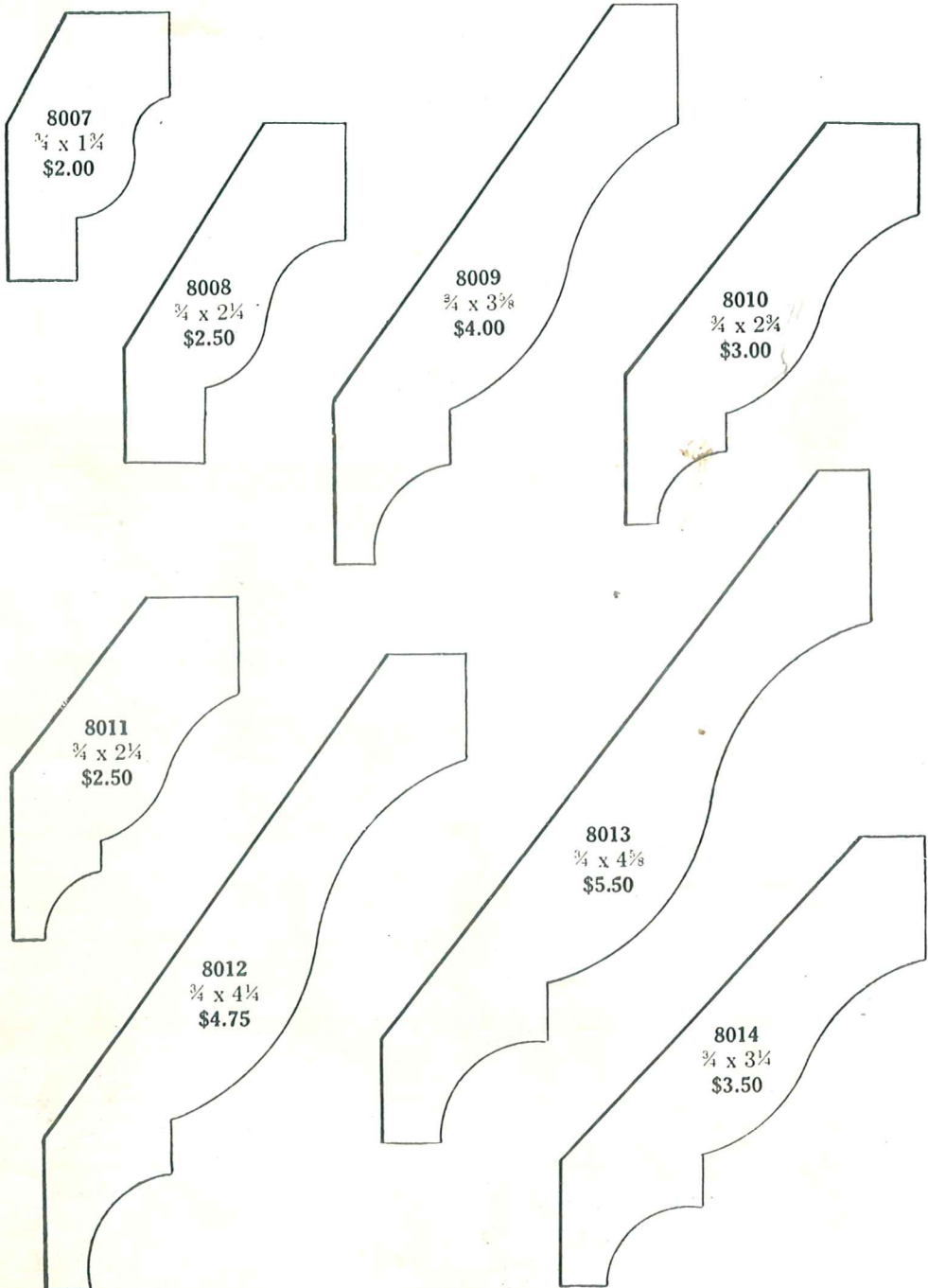
Finished size of Moulding	Necessary width of rough strip to make it.	Width necessary to count when ripping from stock widths of lumber.	What to rip to make least waste.	Lineal feet that can be ripped from 1,000 feet of lumber.	Available lineal feet allowing 10% for trimming and de- fective pieces.	Weight per 100 lineal feet in lbs.
$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times \frac{3}{4}$	1×1	1×4	12,000	10,800	16
$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4}$	1×1	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$	1×4	9,000	8,100	18
$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$	1×4	9,000	8,100	18
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	1×6	8,000	7,200	20
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{5}{8}$	1×8	7,500	6,750	22
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	1×2	1×4	6,000	5,400	24
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{5}{8}$	1×2	1×4	6,000	5,400	26
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 1\frac{3}{4}$	1×2	1×4	6,000	5,400	28
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{5}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	1×10	4,800	4,320	30
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$	1×2	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	1×10	4,800	4,320	32
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	1×10	4,800	4,320	34
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	1×10	4,800	4,320	36
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{2}{3}$	1×8	4,500	4,050	38
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 2\frac{2}{3}$	1×8	4,500	4,050	40
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{5}{8}$	1×3	1×6	4,000	3,600	42
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 2\frac{3}{4}$	1×3	1×6	4,000	3,600	44
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{5}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{3}$	1×10	3,600	3,240	46
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{3}{4}$	1×3	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{3}$	1×10	3,600	3,240	48
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{3}$	1×10	3,600	3,240	50
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{4}$	1×4	1×4	3,000	2,700	52
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{3}{8}$	1×4	1×4	3,000	2,700	54
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$	1×4	1×4	3,000	2,700	56
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{5}{8}$	1×4	1×4	3,000	2,700	58
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 3\frac{3}{4}$	1×4	1×4	3,000	2,700	60
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{3}{4}$	1×4	1×4	1×4	3,000	2,700	64
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{3}{8}$	1×10	2,400	2,160	66
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4$	$1 \times 4\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$	1×10	2,400	2,160	68
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{5}{8}$	1×10	2,400	2,160	70
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 4\frac{3}{4}$	1×10	2,400	2,160	72
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{5}{8}$	1×5	1×10	2,400	2,160	74
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 4\frac{3}{4}$	1×5	1×10	2,400	2,160	76
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{7}{8}$	1×5	1×10	2,400	2,160	78
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$	1×5	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$	1×10	2,400	2,160	80
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 5\frac{3}{8}$	1×6	2,000	1,800	82
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5$	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$	1×6	2,000	1,800	84
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 5\frac{3}{8}$	1×6	1×6	2,000	1,800	86
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$	1×6	1×6	2,000	1,800	88
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 5\frac{5}{8}$	1×6	1×6	2,000	1,800	90
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 5\frac{3}{4}$	1×6	1×6	2,000	1,800	92

CROWN MOULDINGS



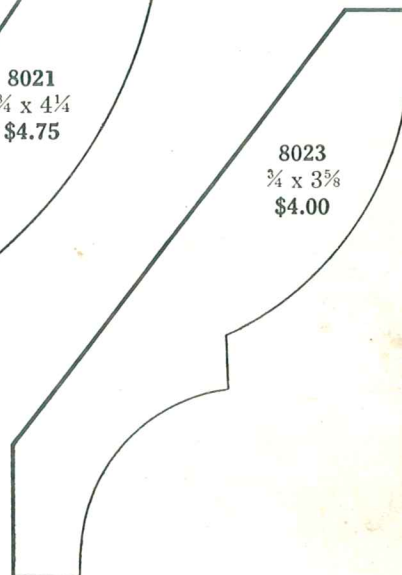
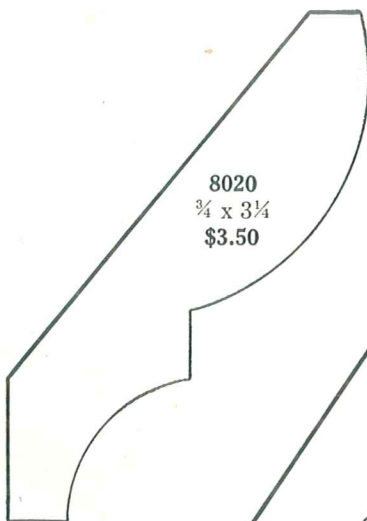
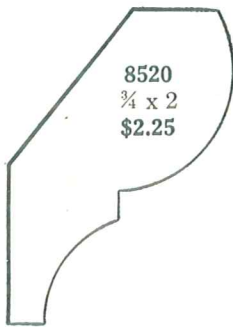
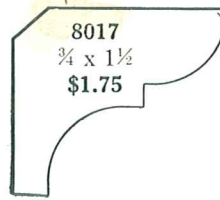
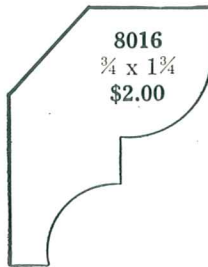
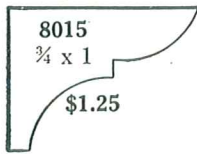
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CROWN MOULDINGS



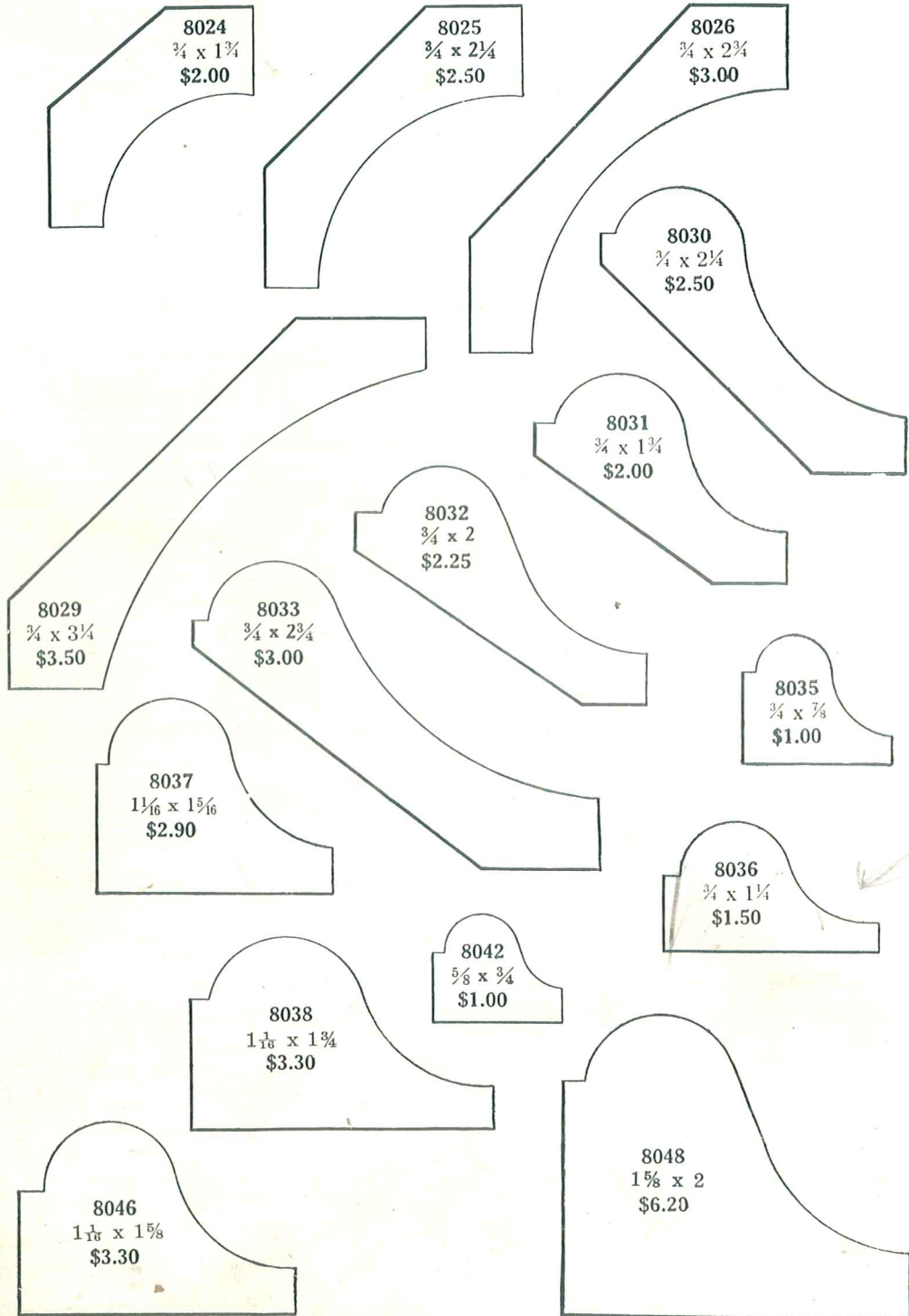
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CROWN and BED MOULDINGS



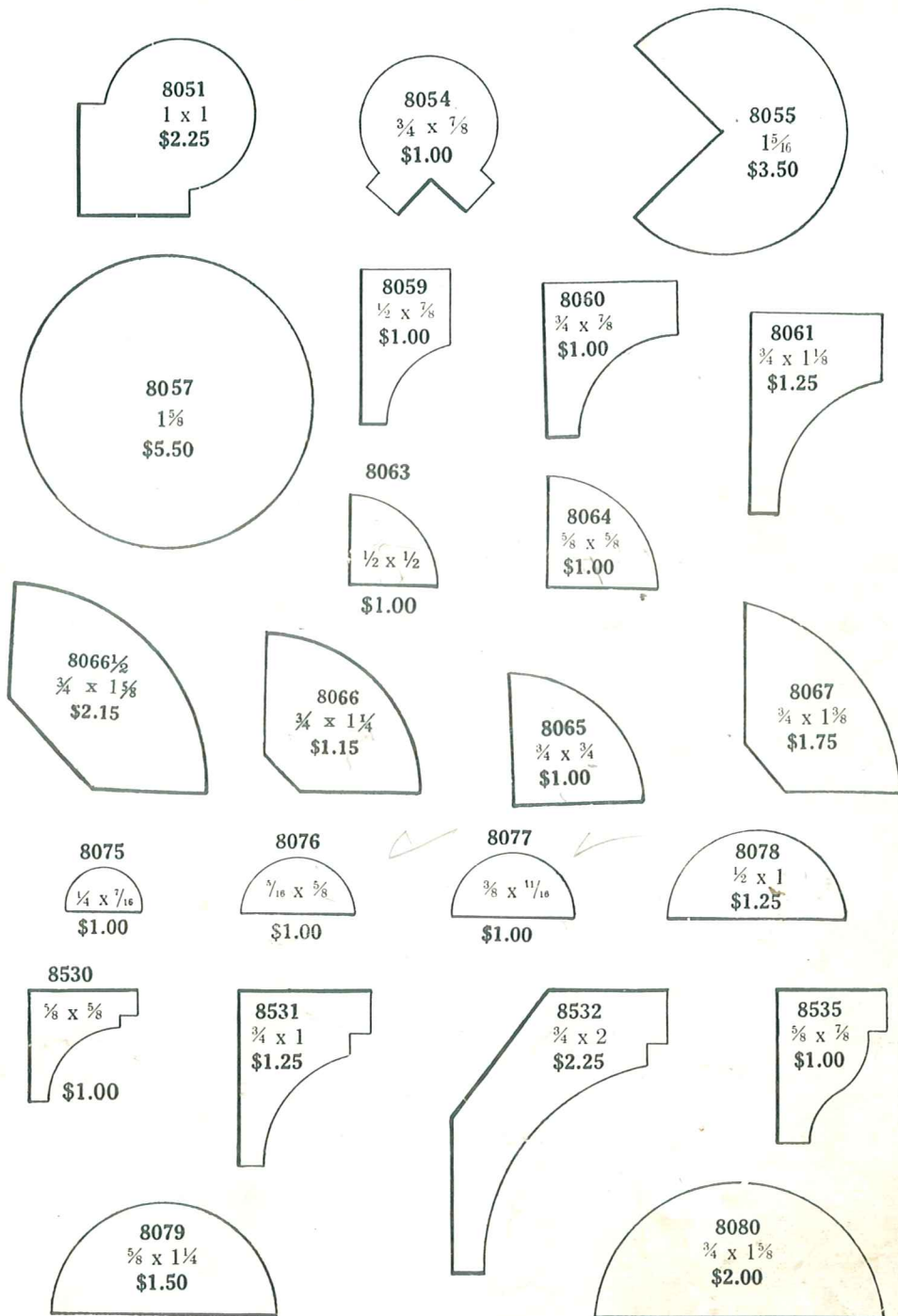
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SPRUNG COVE, BED and BRICK MOULDINGS



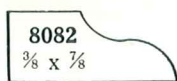
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

COVES, QUARTER ROUNDS, HALF ROUNDS and ROUNDS



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

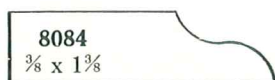
WINDOW AND DOOR STOPS



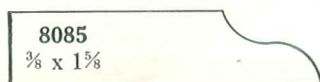
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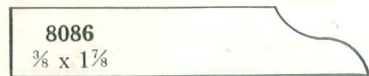
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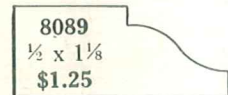
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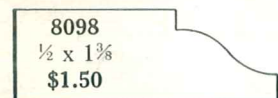
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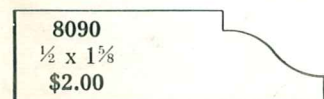
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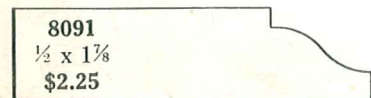
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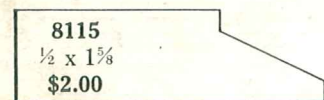
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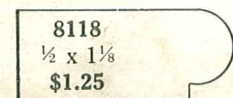
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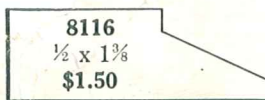
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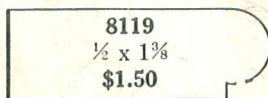
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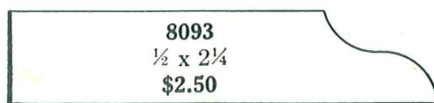
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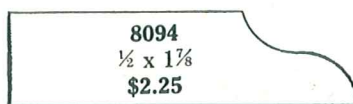
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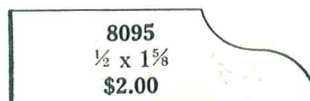
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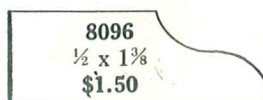
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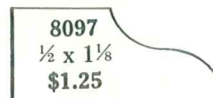
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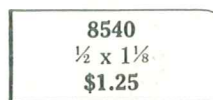
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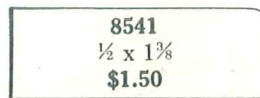
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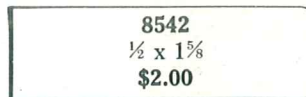
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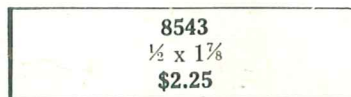
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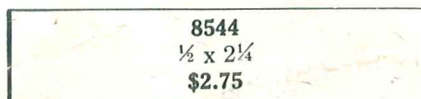
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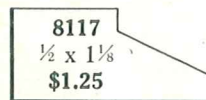
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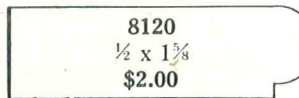
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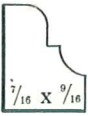


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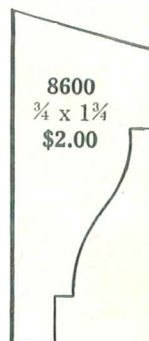
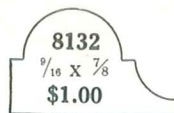
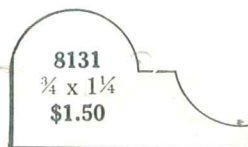
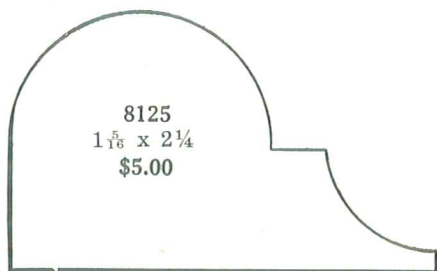
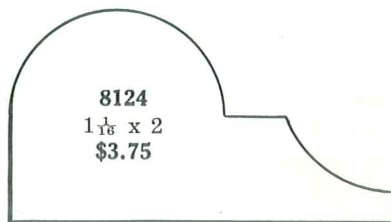
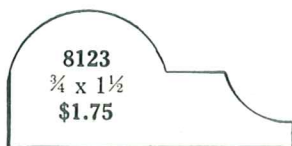


\$2.00

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STOPS, NOSINGS and SCREEN MOULDINGS

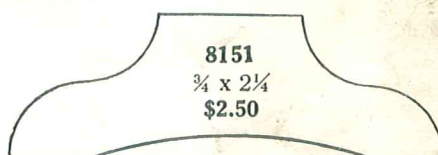
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SCREEN MOULDINGS

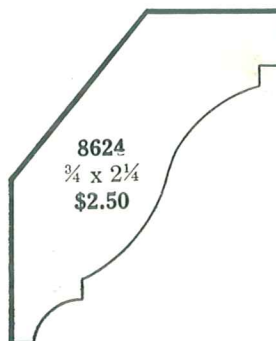
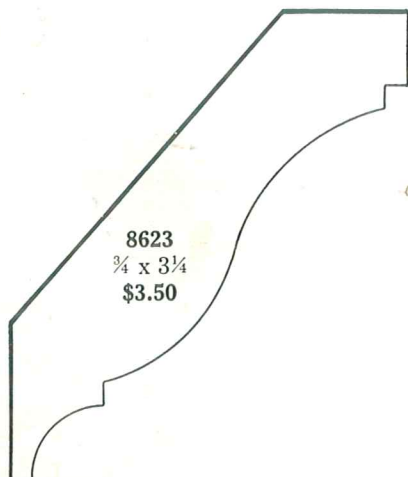
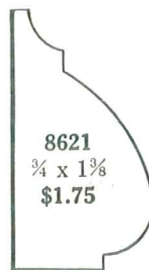
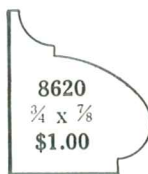
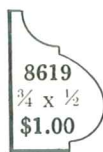
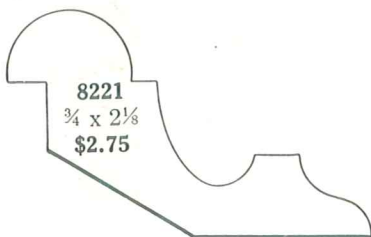
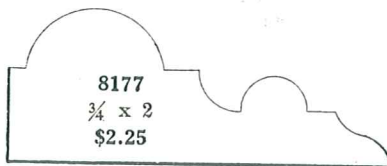
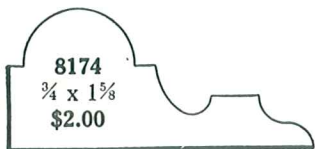
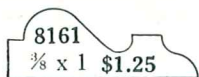
8139 $\frac{3}{16} \times \frac{5}{8}$ \$0.80	8140 $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{4}$ \$0.80	8610 $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4}$ \$0.80	8611 $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4}$ \$0.80
8141 $\frac{9}{16} \times 1\frac{1}{8}$ \$1.25	8142 $1\frac{1}{16} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$ \$1.75	8145 $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{5}{8}$ \$0.80	8146 $\frac{7}{16} \times \frac{3}{4}$ \$1.00

O. G. BATTS



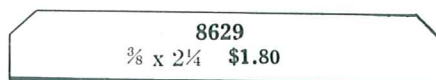
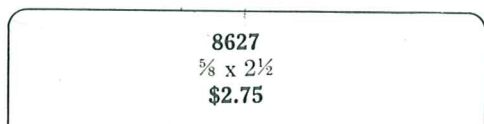
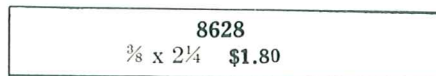
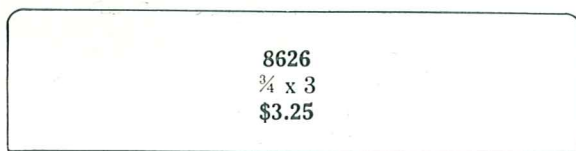
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

PANEL, BAND and CORNICE MOULDINGS



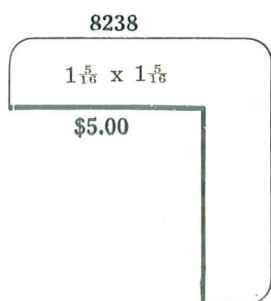
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

HOOK STRIPS

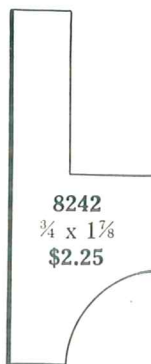


WAINSCOT CAPS

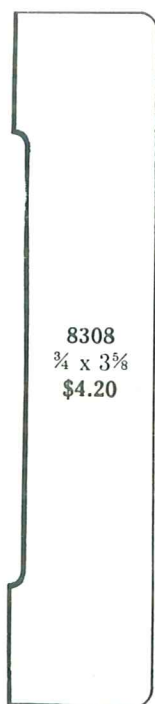
CORNER BEAD



SHELF CLEAT

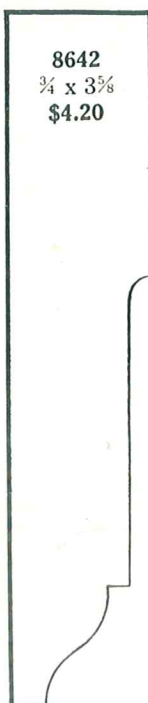


CHAIR RAIL

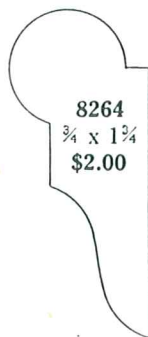
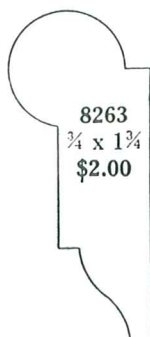


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

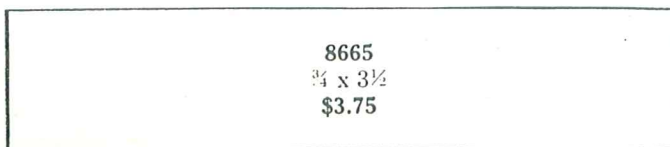
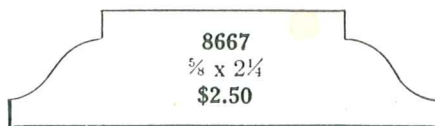
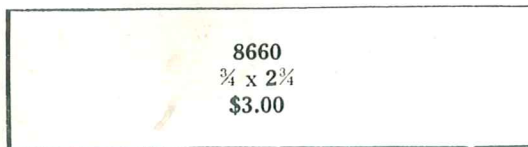
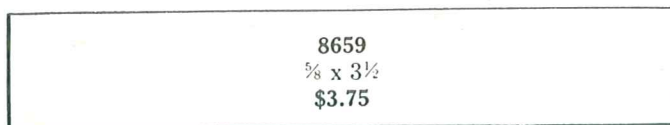
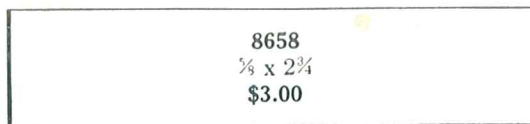
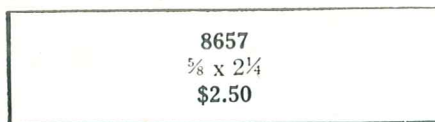
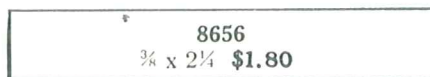
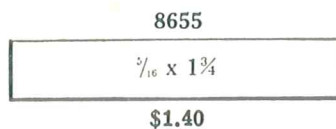
APRONS



PICTURE MOULDINGS

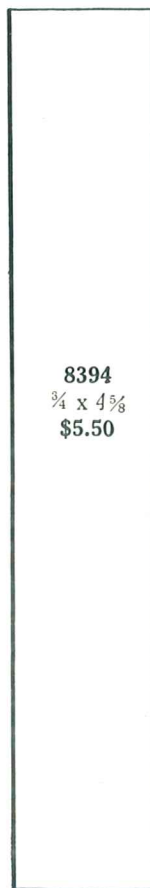


PANEL STRIPS



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

SQUARE MEMBERS, CASING and BASE



PANEL STRIPS

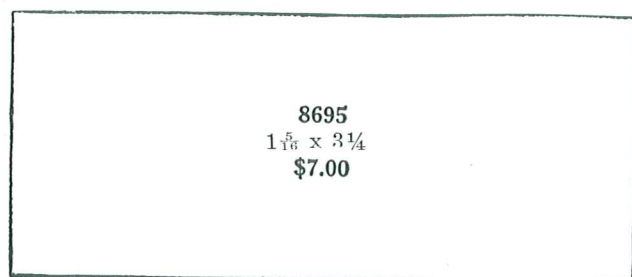


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

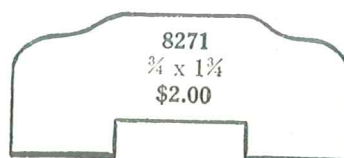
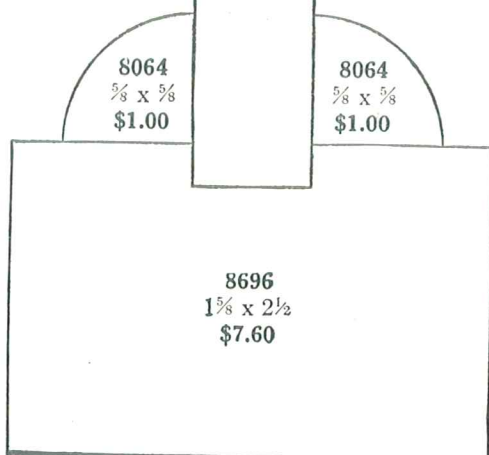
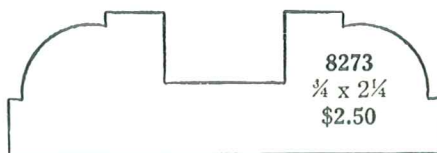
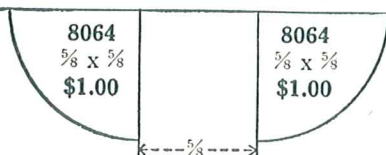
WINDOW STOOLS



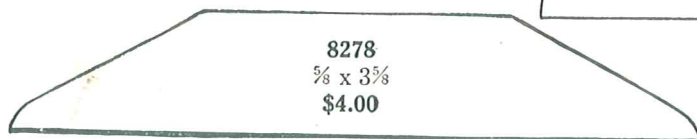
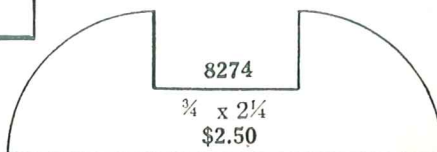
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



PARTITION CAP
and SHOE

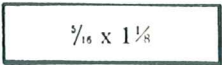
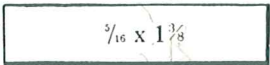
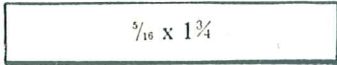


THRESHOLD

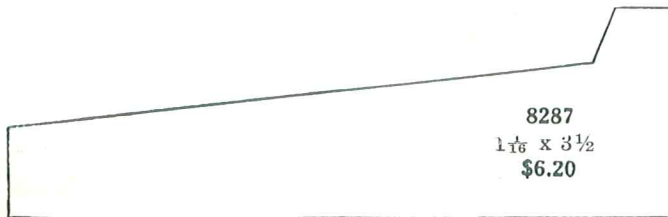
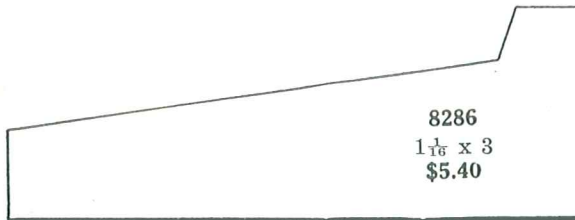
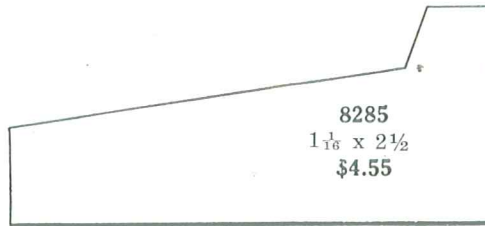
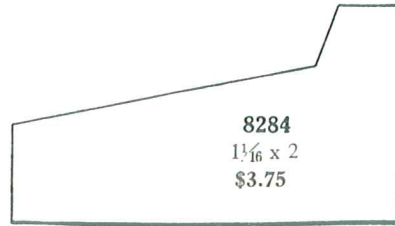
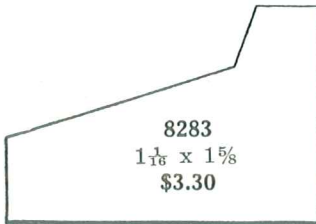


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

LATTICE

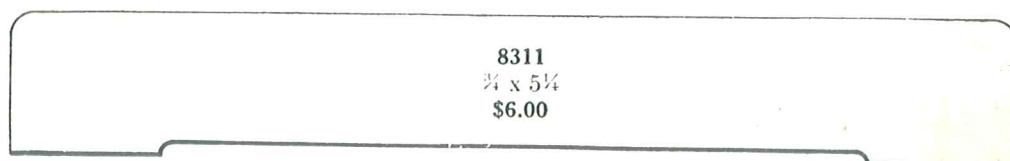
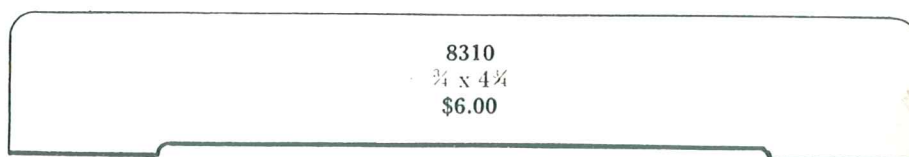
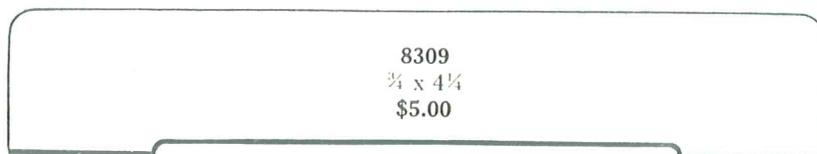
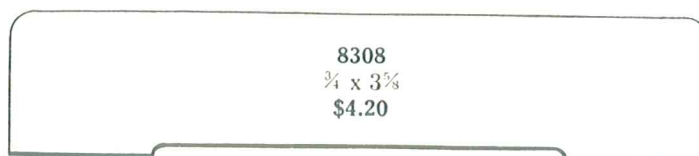
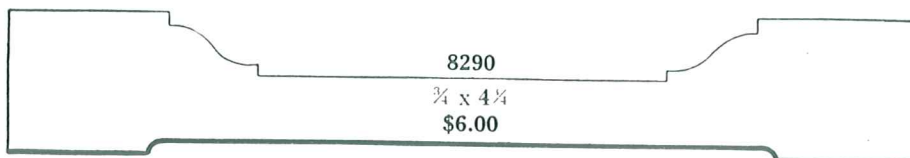
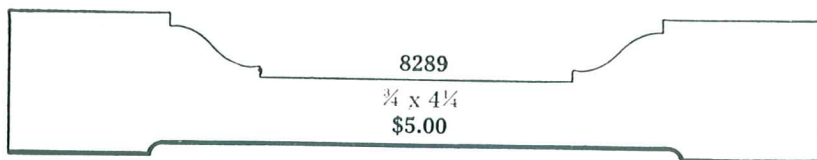
8280	8281	8282
		
$\frac{5}{16} \times 1\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{3}{16} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{5}{16} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$
\$0.85	\$1.00	\$1.40

DRIP CAPS and WATER TABLE



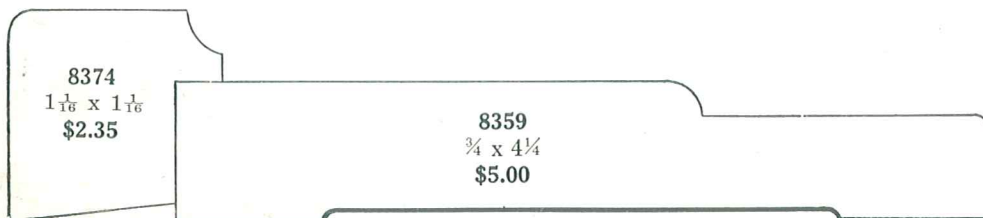
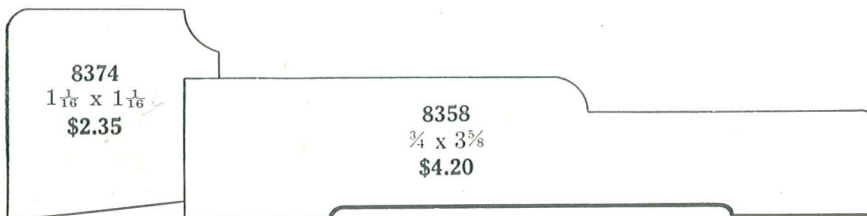
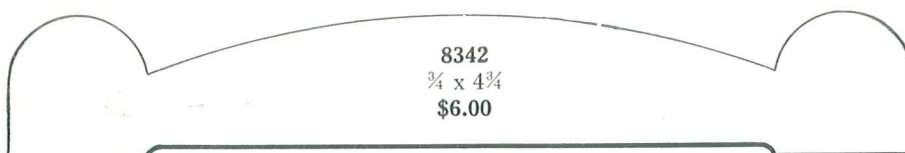
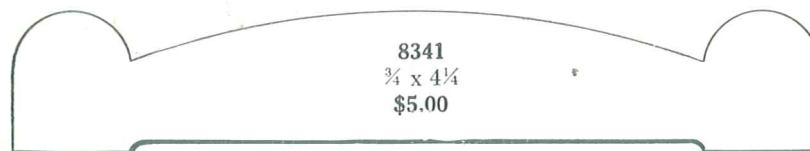
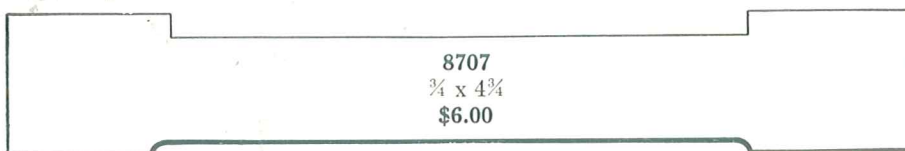
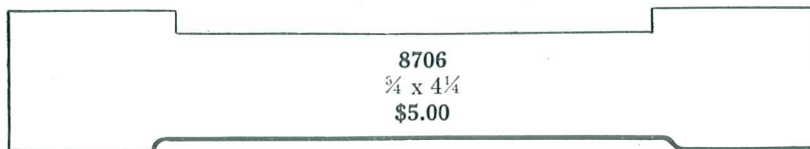
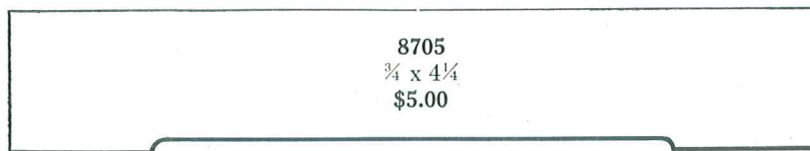
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CASINGS



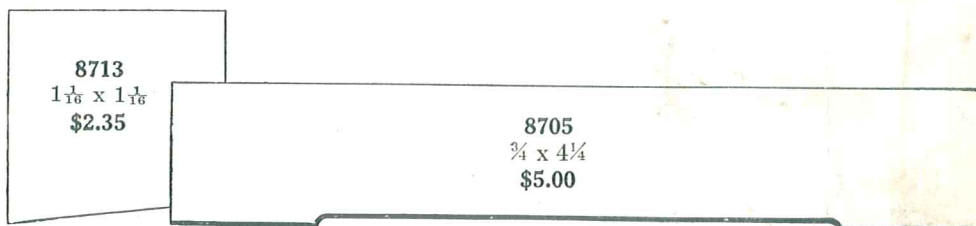
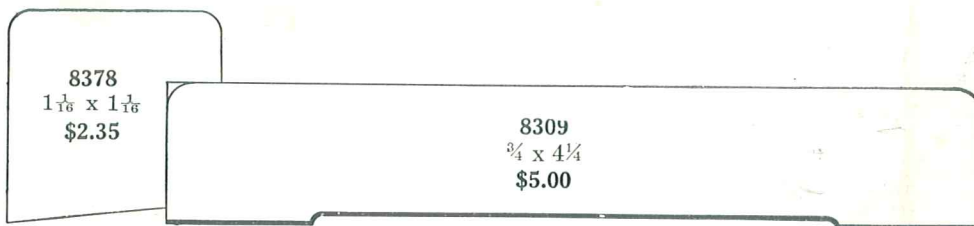
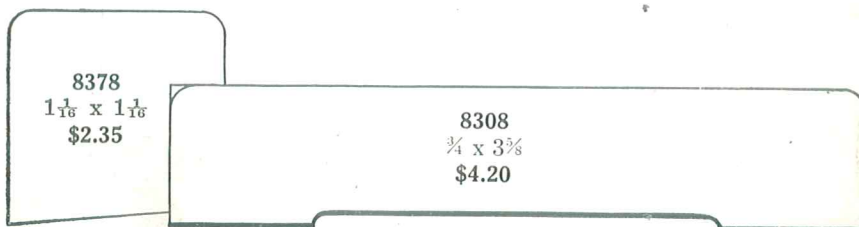
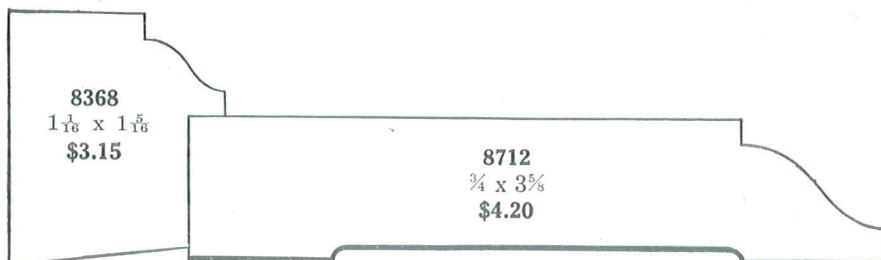
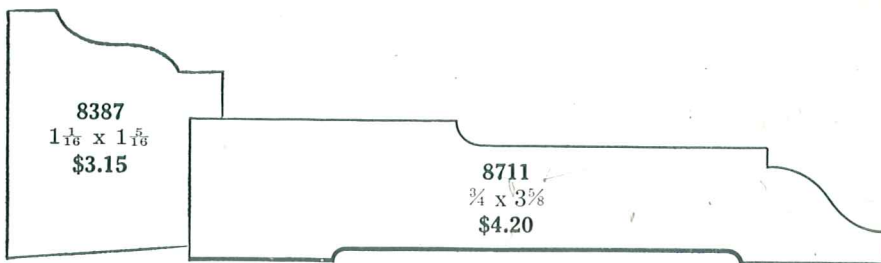
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CASING and BACK BANDS



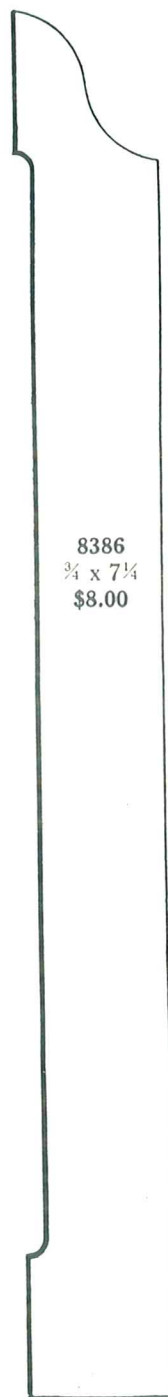
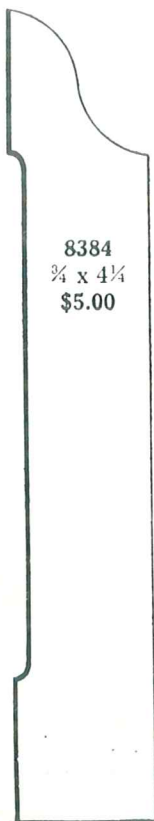
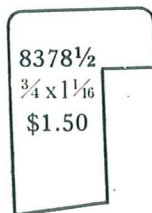
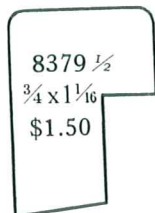
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CASINGS AND BACK BANDS



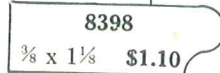
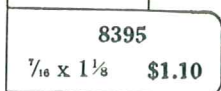
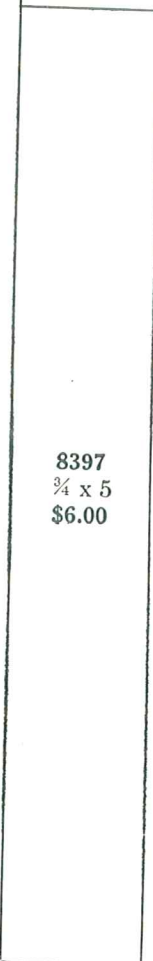
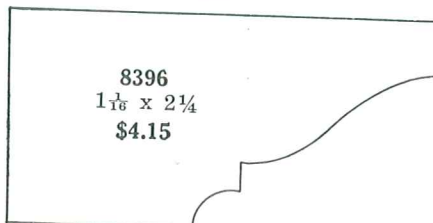
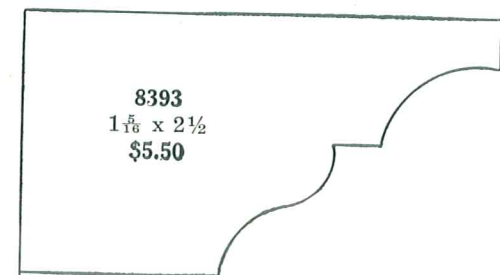
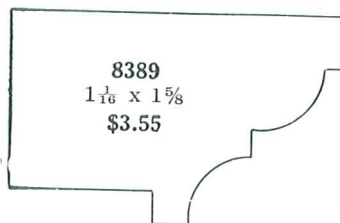
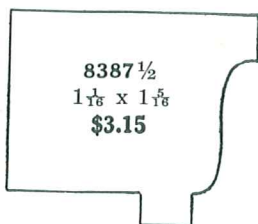
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

P. G. BASE and O. G. CASING and BASE



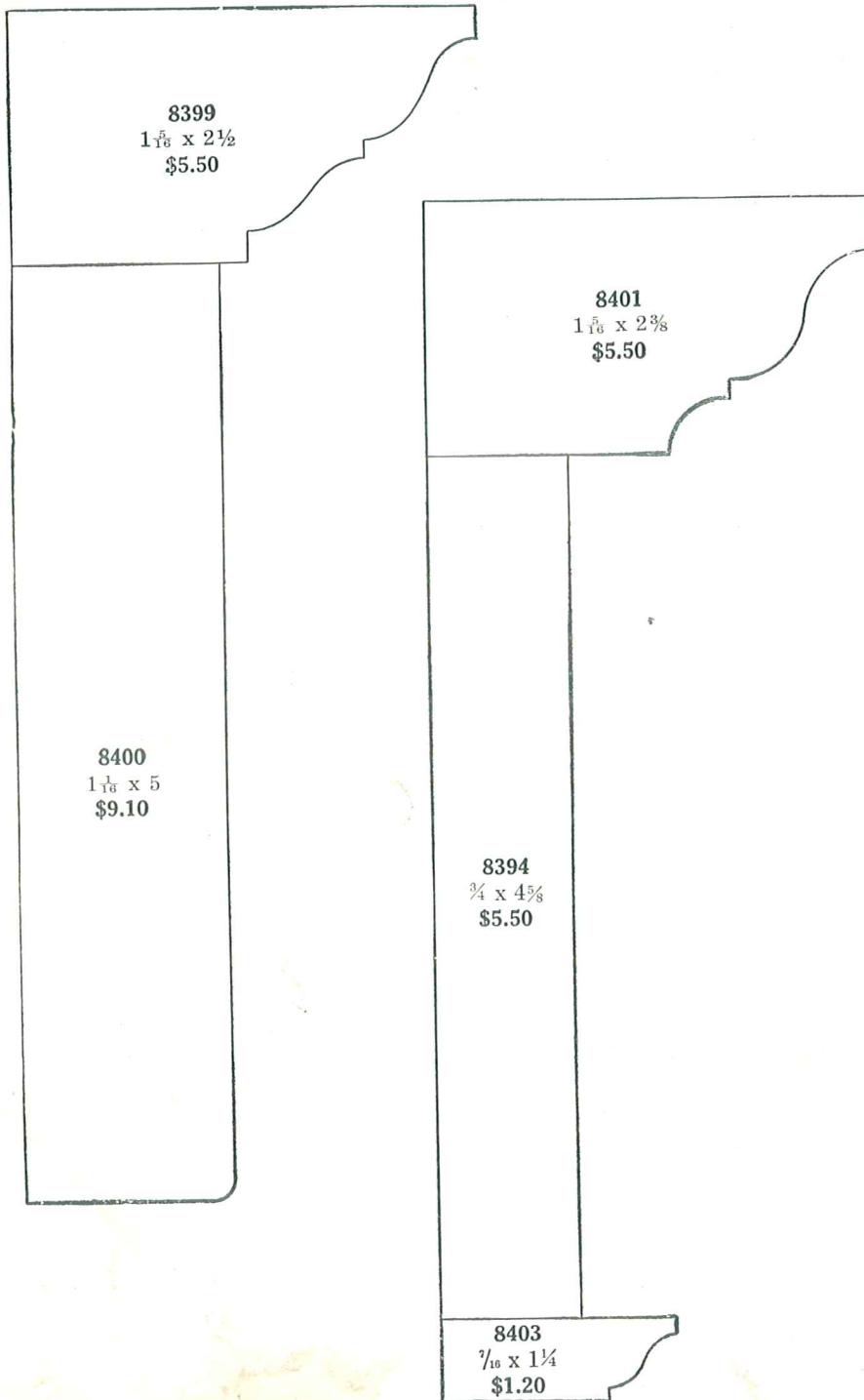
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CAP TRIM



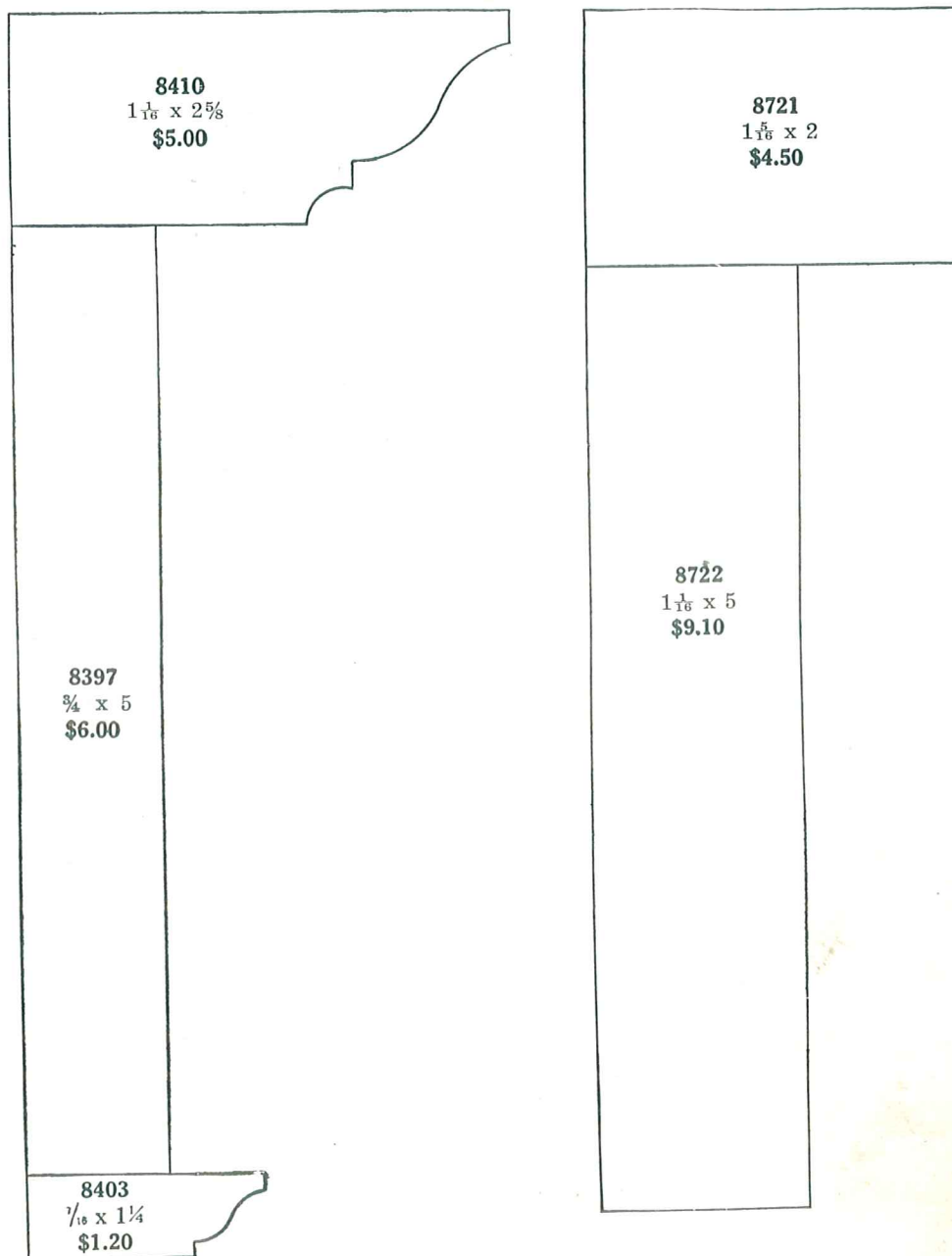
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CAP TRIM



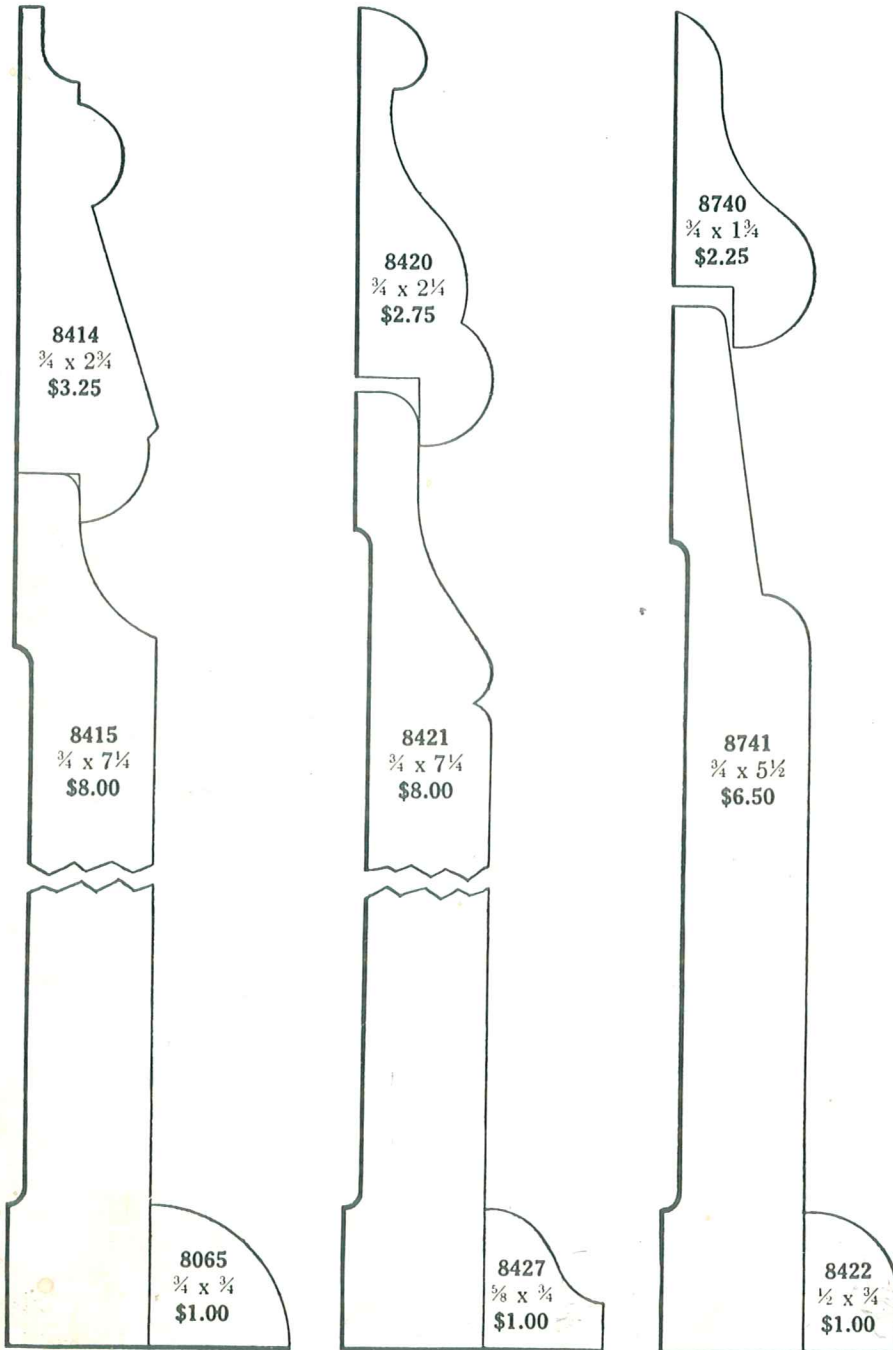
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CAP TRIM



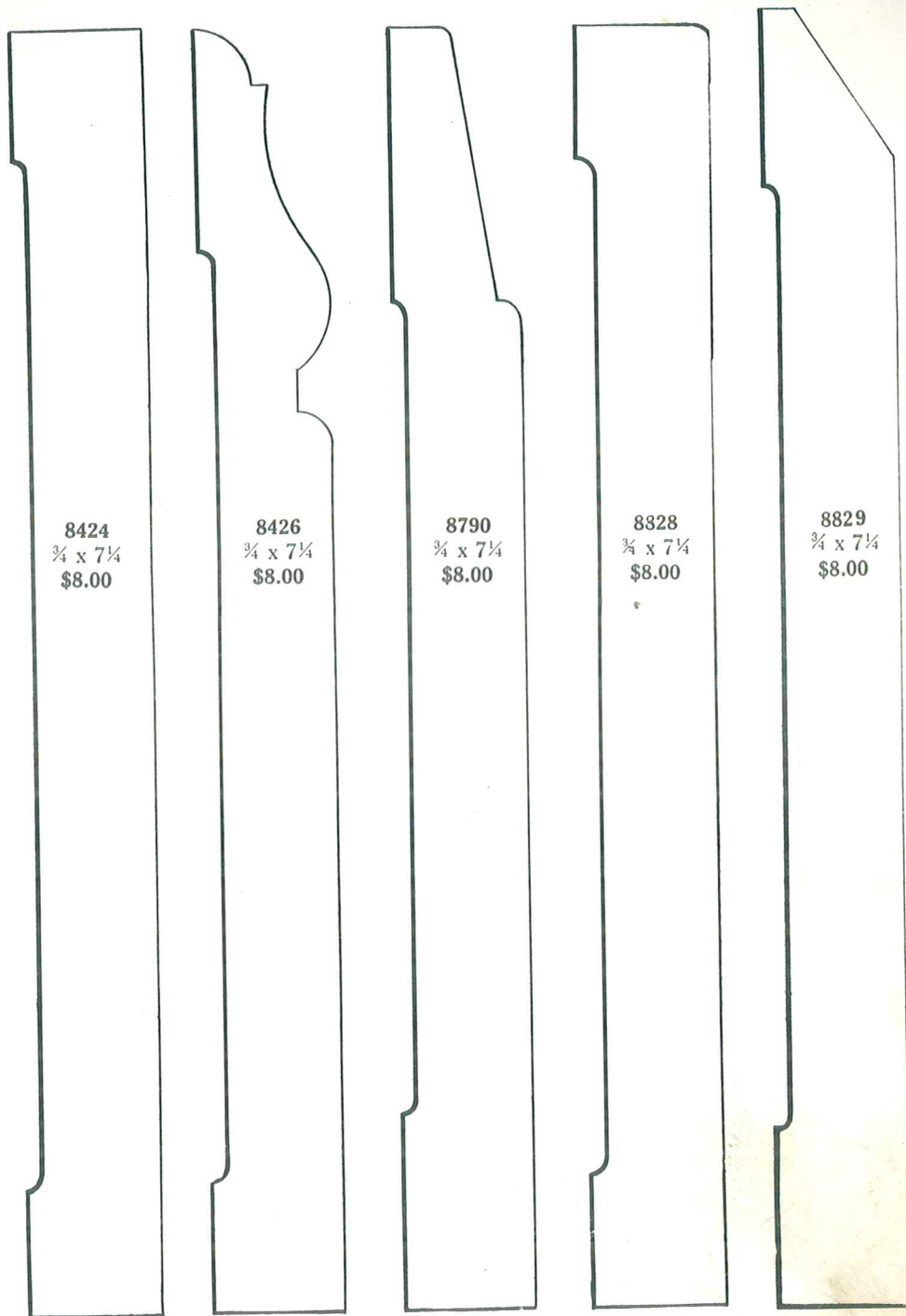
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

THREE-MEMBER BASE



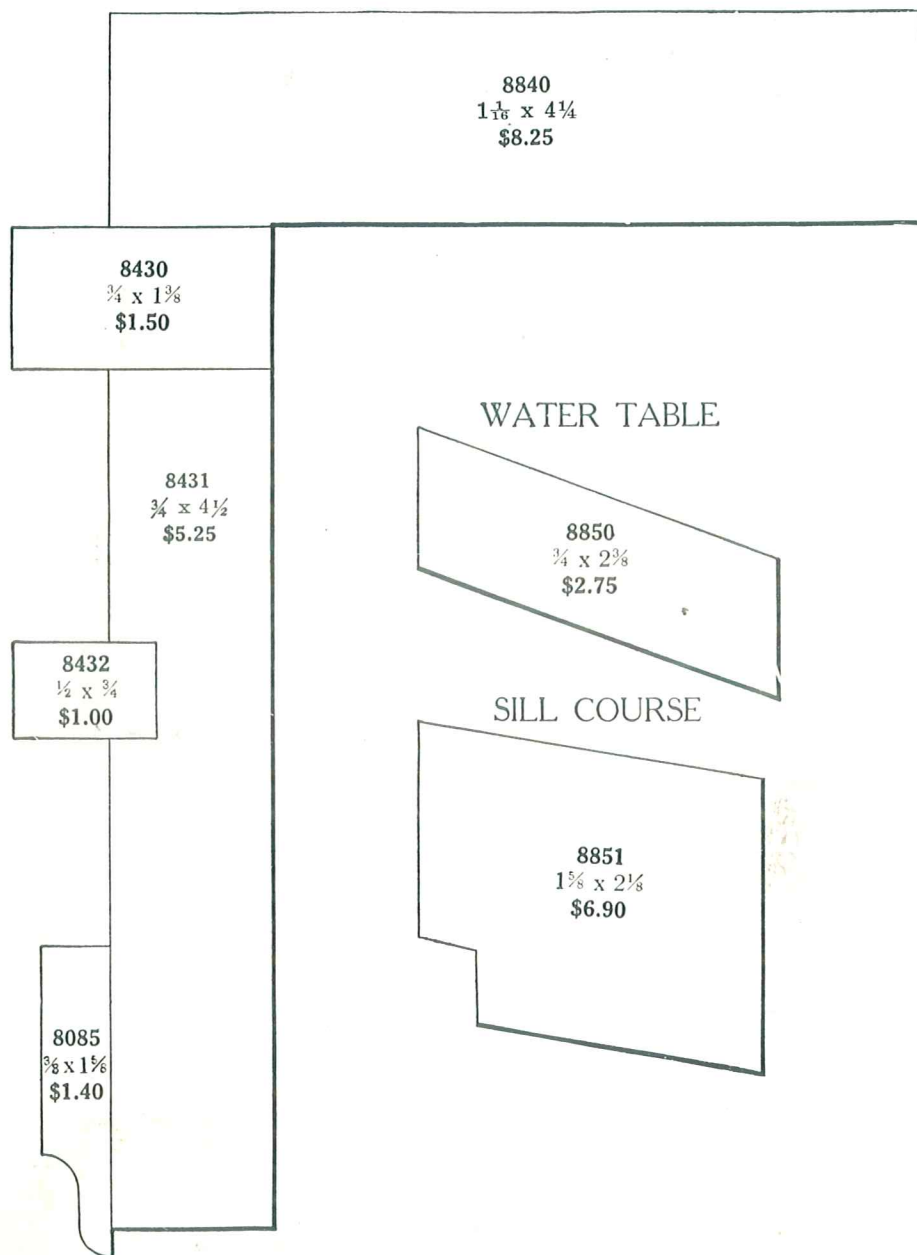
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

BASE



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

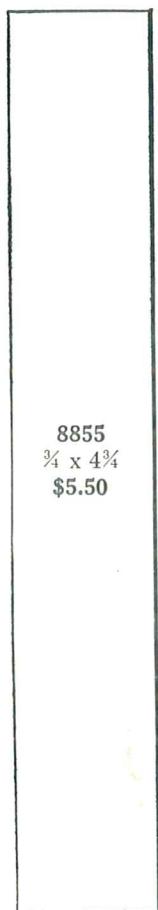
SECTION WINDOW FRAME for FRAME BUILDING



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

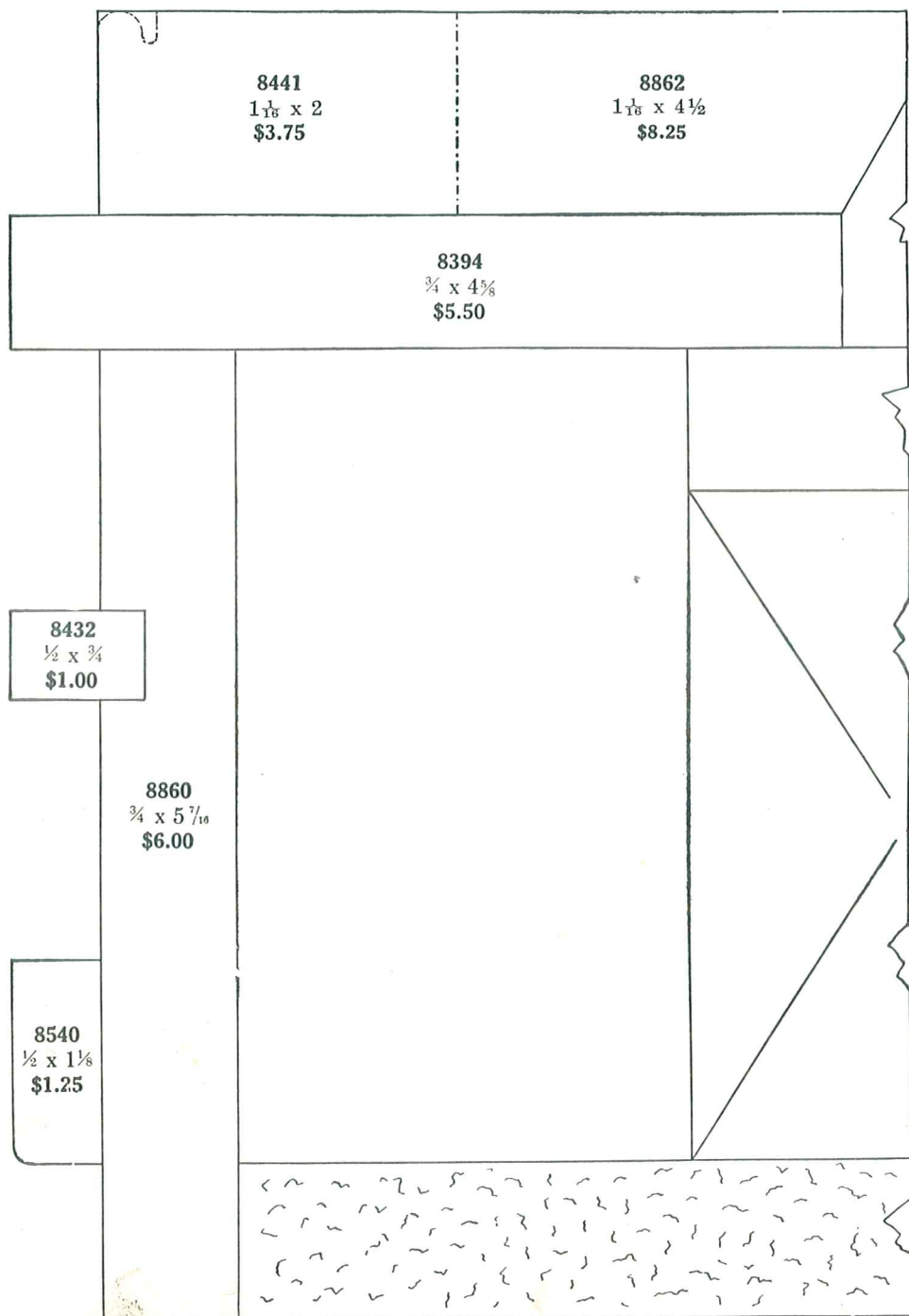
SILLS for WINDOW FRAMES and EXTENSION JAMBS

EXTENSION JAMBS



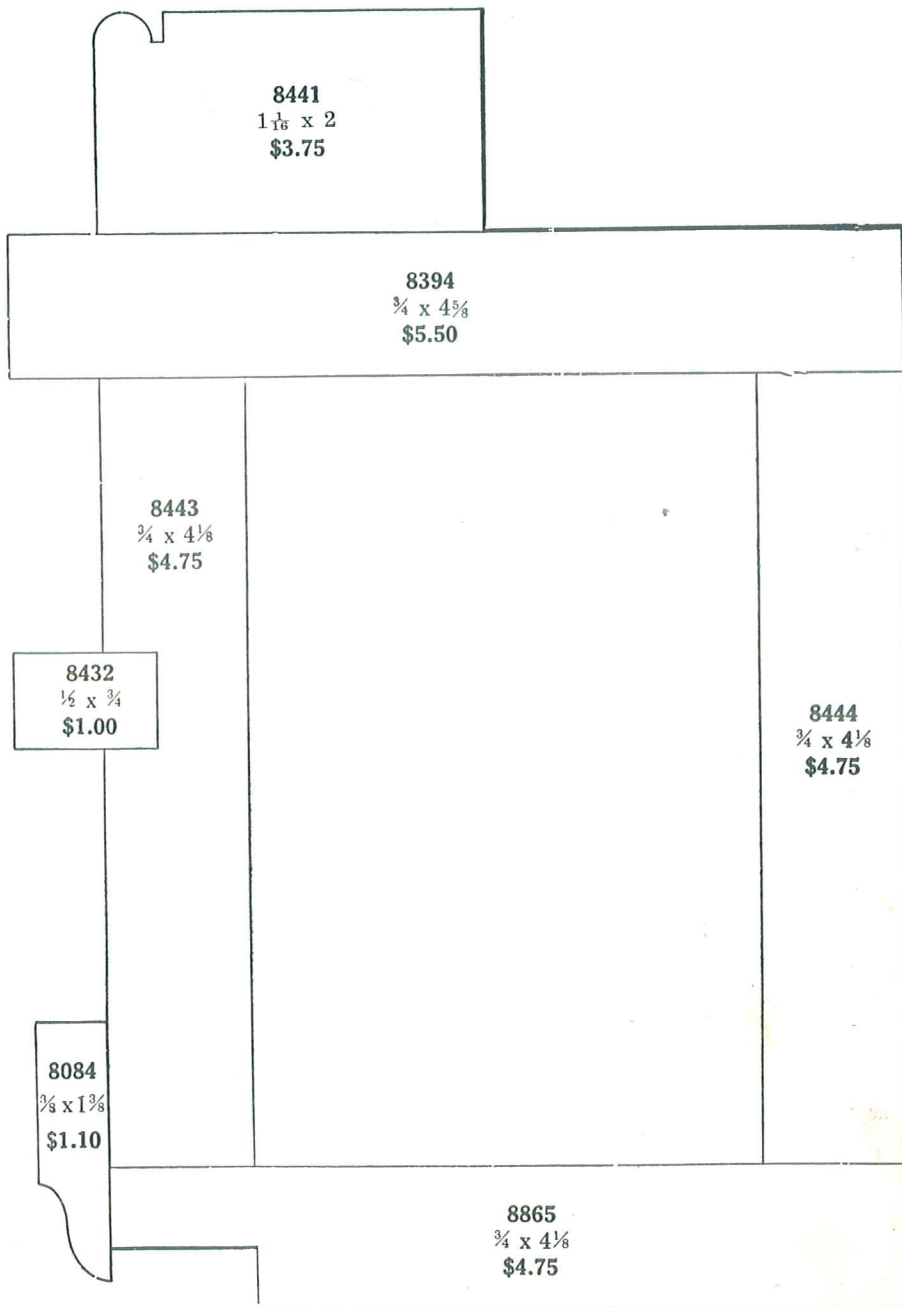
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

SECTION of FRAME for BRICK VENEER and STUCCO BUILDING



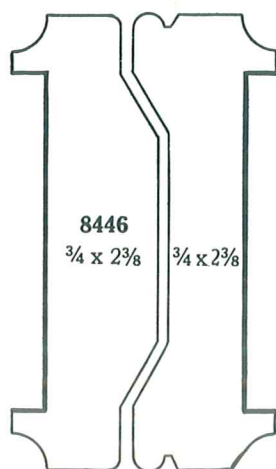
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

SECTION of BOX WINDOW FRAME for BRICK BUILDING

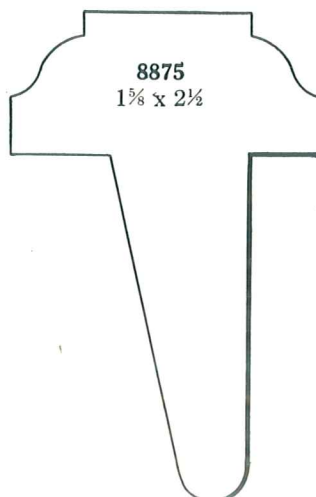


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

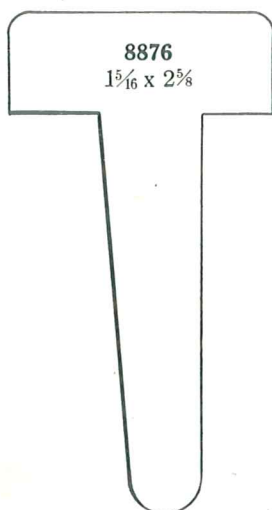
ASTRAGALS



60 cents net per pair

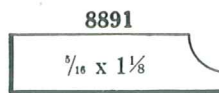


30 cents net each

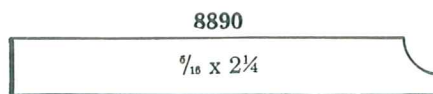


30 cents net each

SLIDING DOOR BANDING



\$1.00

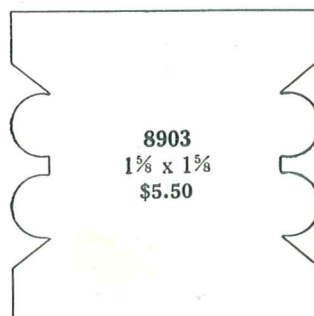
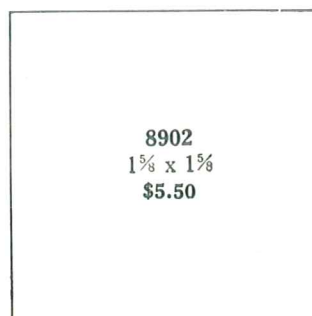
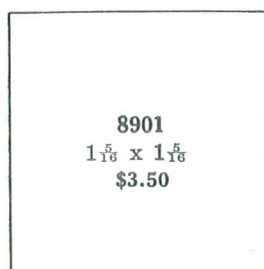
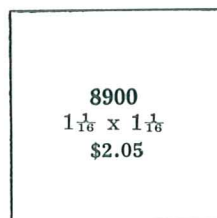
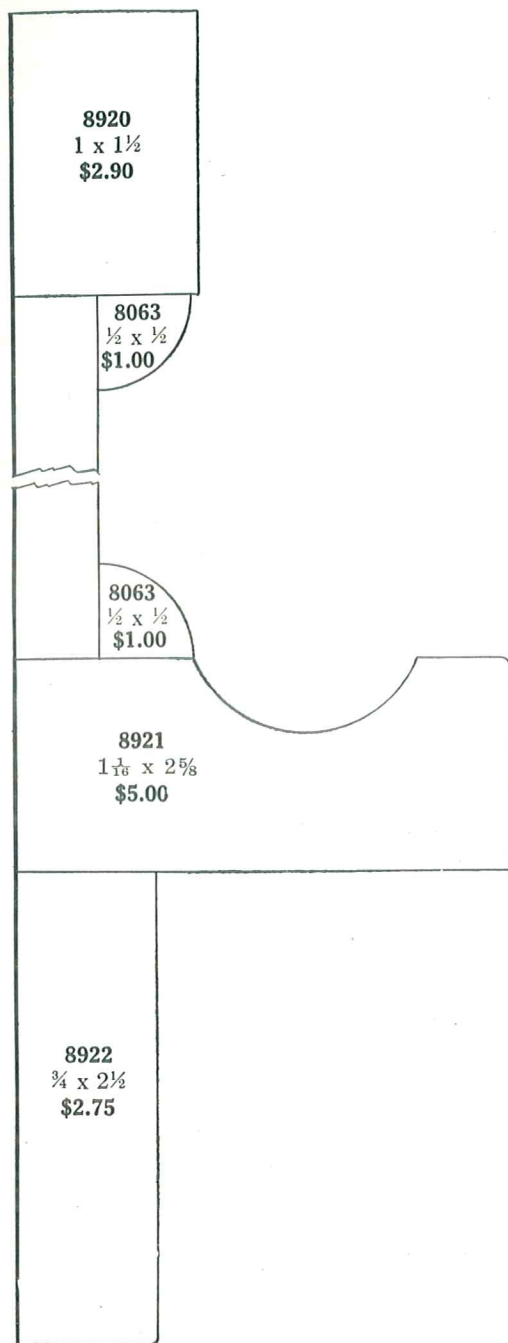


\$1.75

Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

BLACKBOARD MOULDINGS

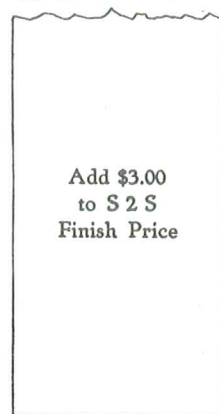
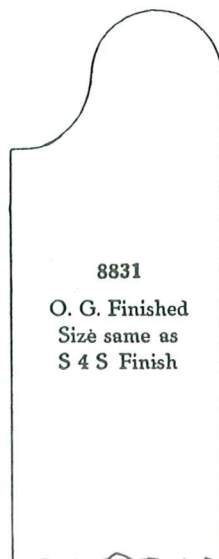
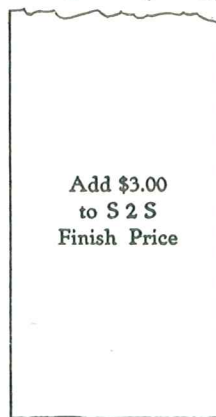
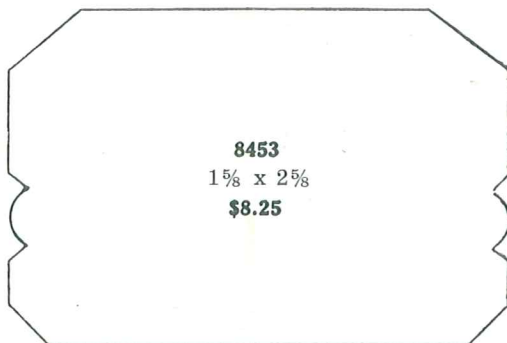
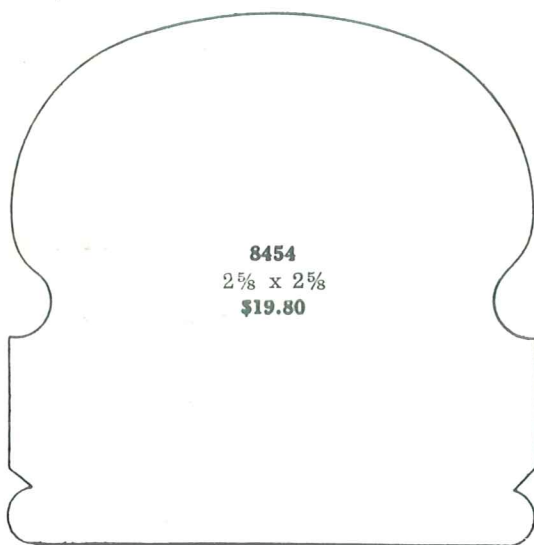
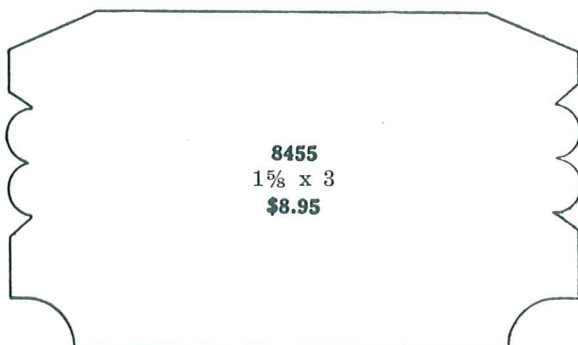
PORCH BALUSTER STOCK



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

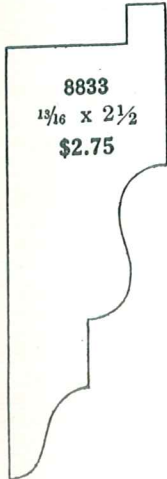
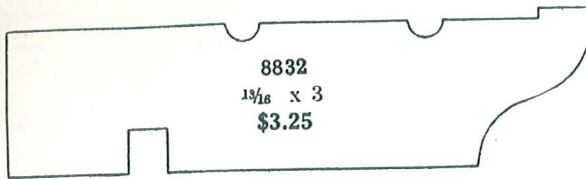
PORCH and BALUSTER STOCK

STEPPING

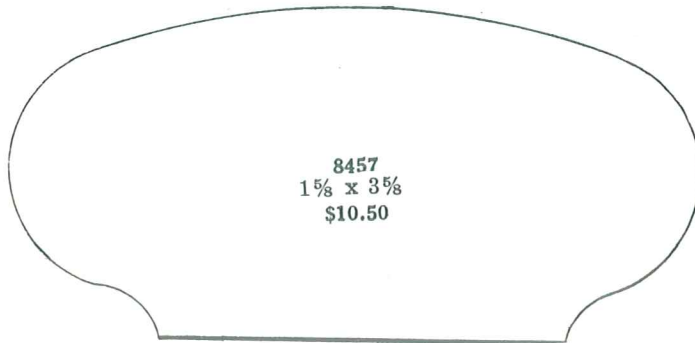


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

PLATE RAIL



STAIR RAIL



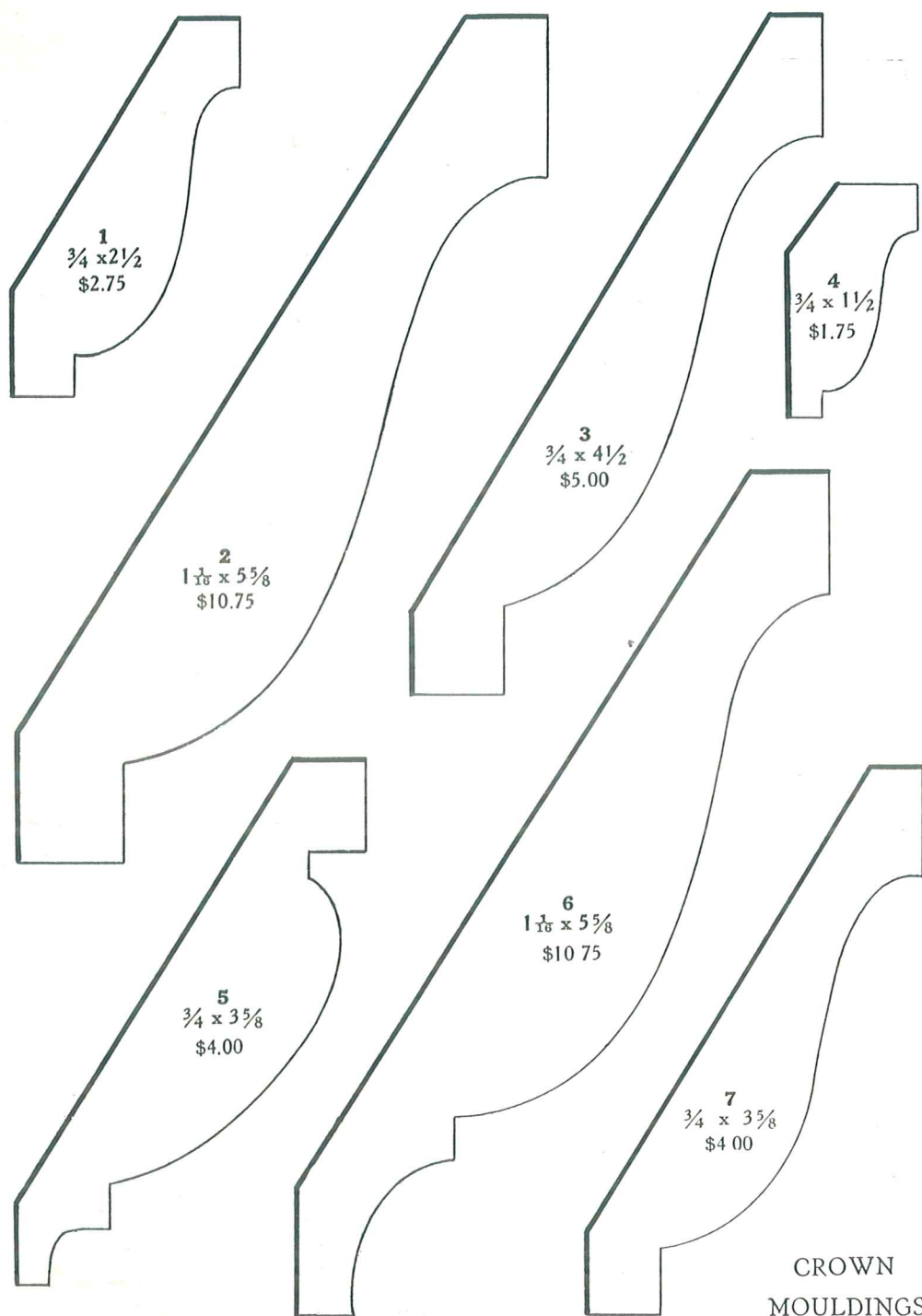
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

SUPPLEMENT

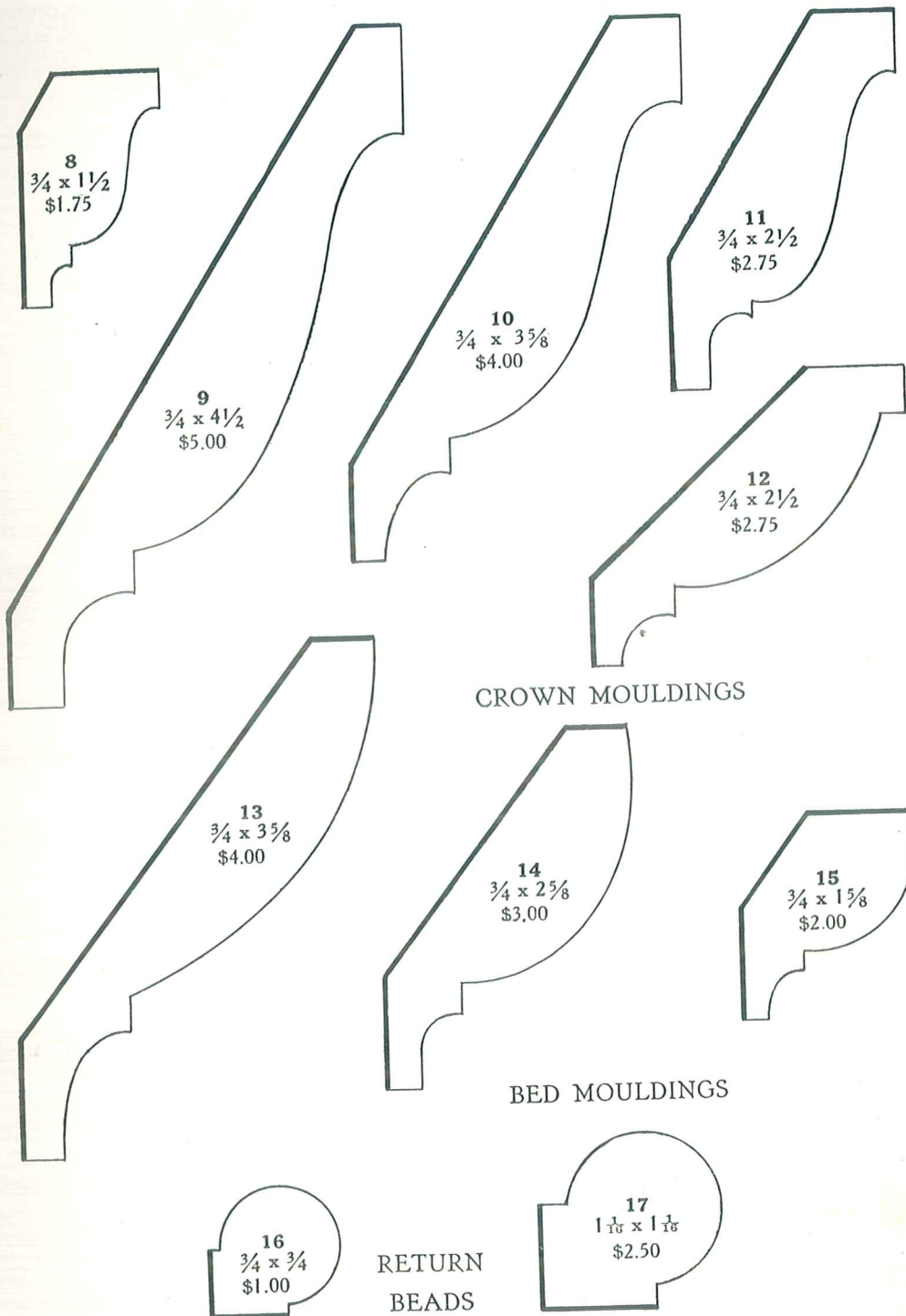
Patterns shown herein
arranged by committee
representing The National
Lumber Manufacturers
Association and The
American Institute of
Architects

Adopted

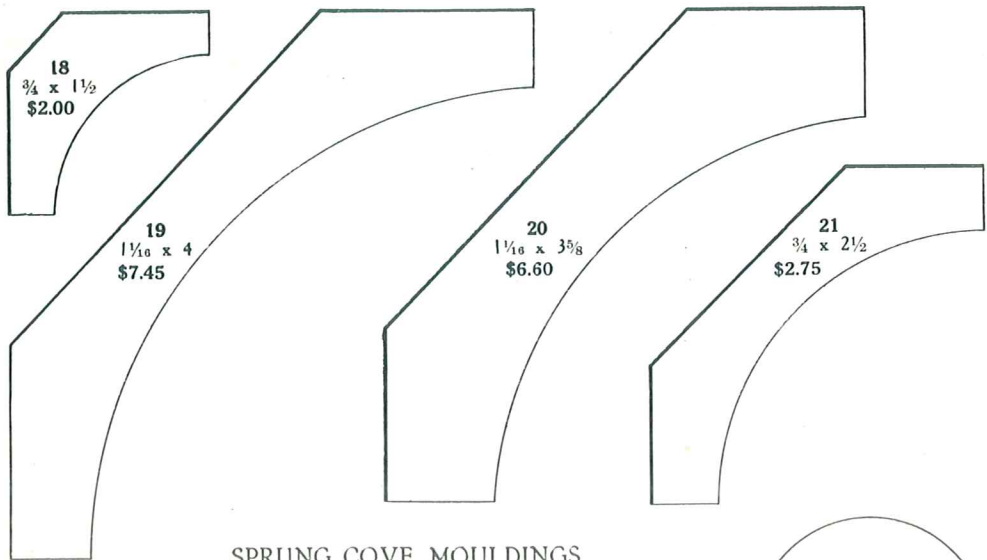
1922



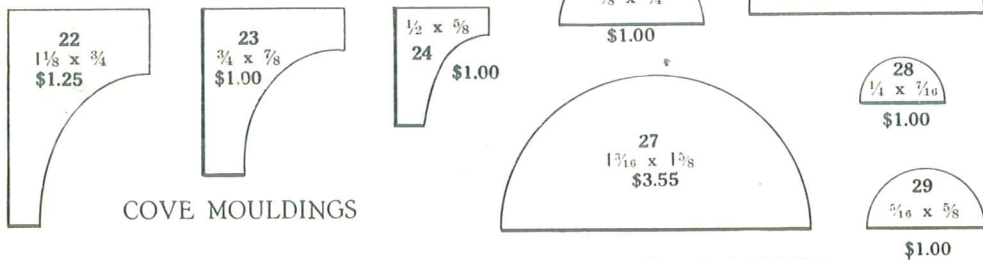
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

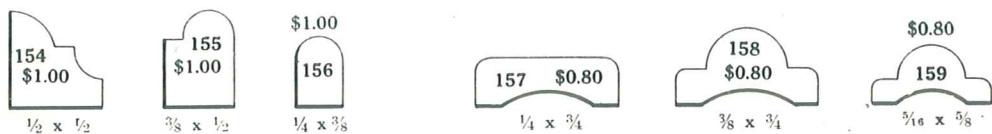


SPRUNG COVE MOULDINGS



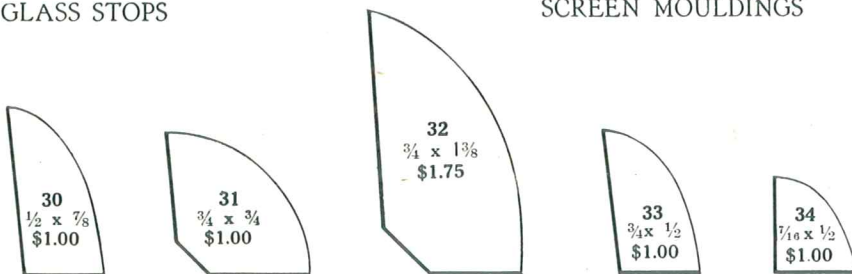
COVE MOULDINGS

HALF ROUNDS



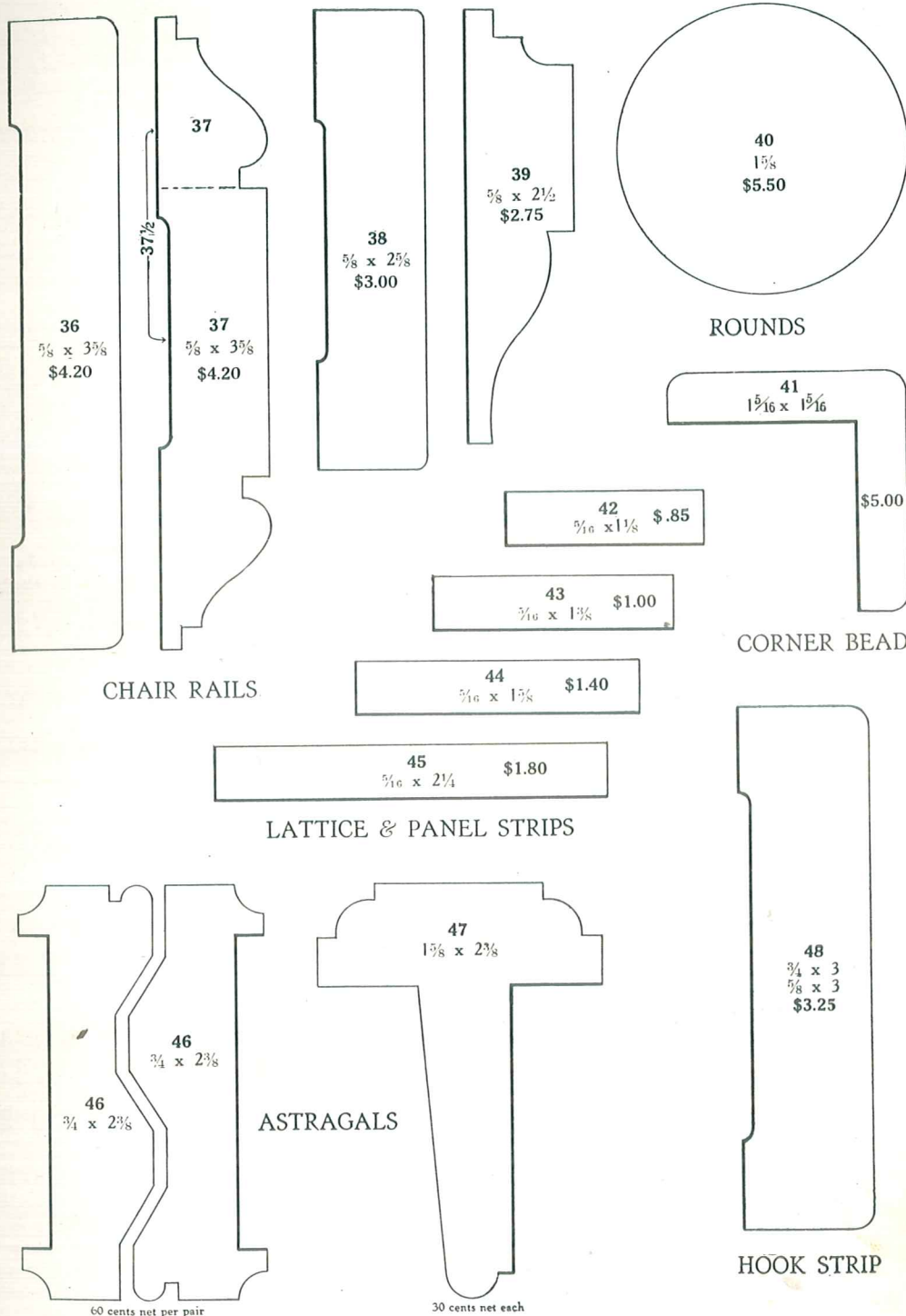
GLASS STOPS

SCREEN MOULDINGS

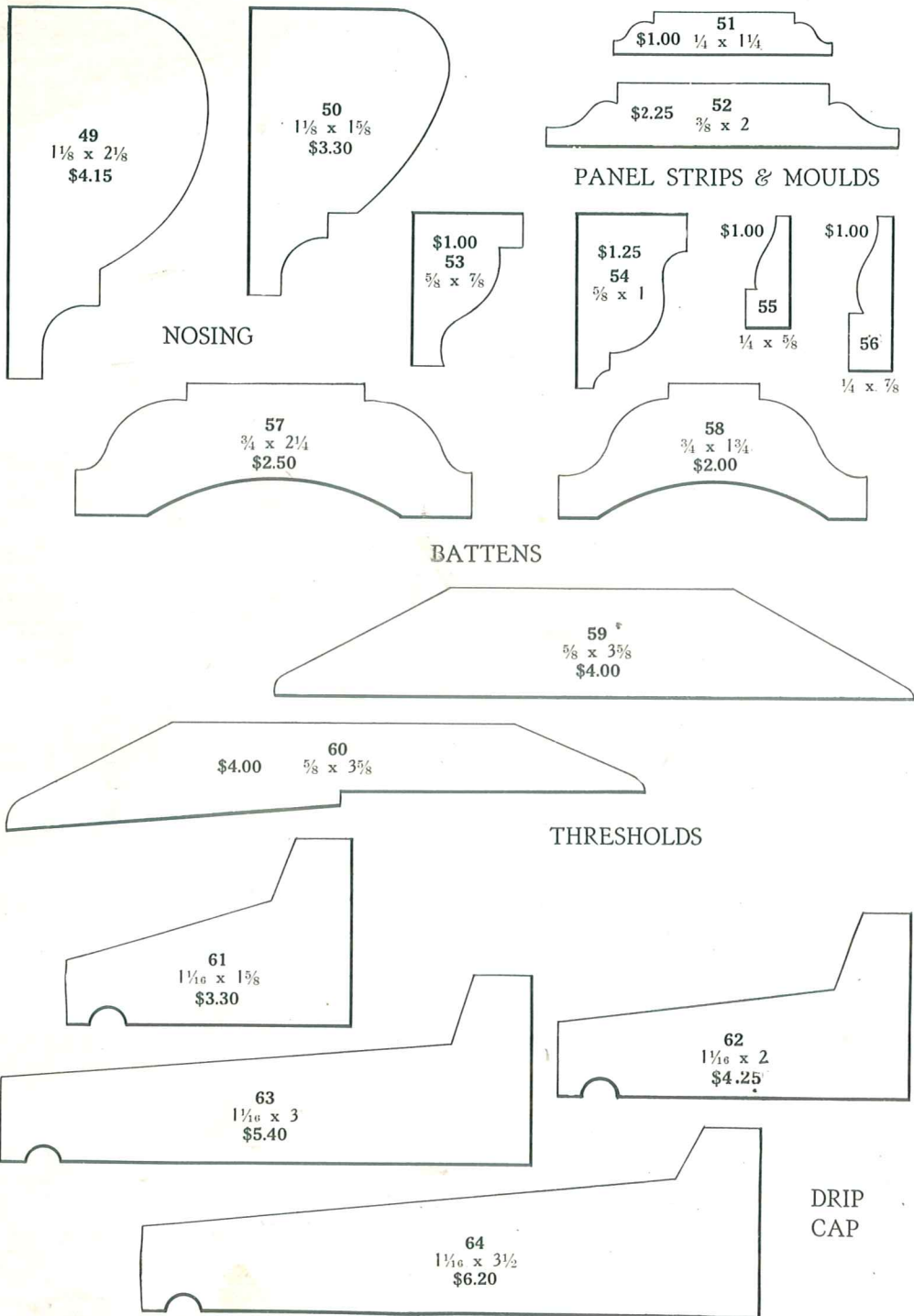


QUARTER ROUNDS

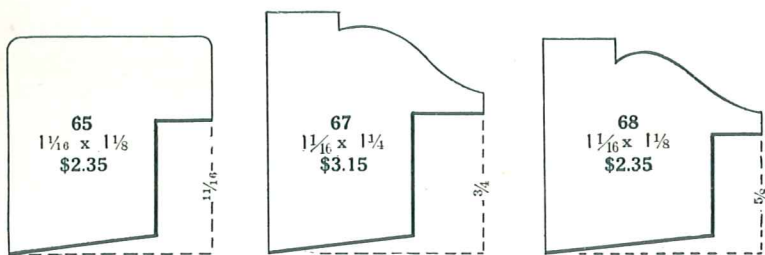
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



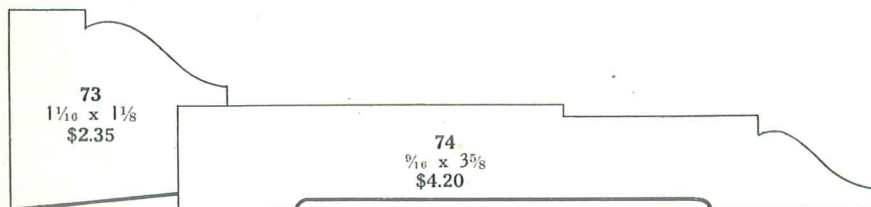
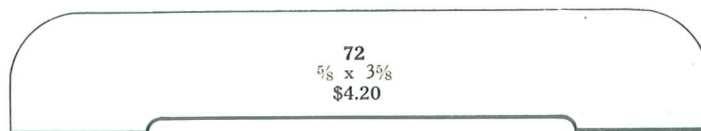
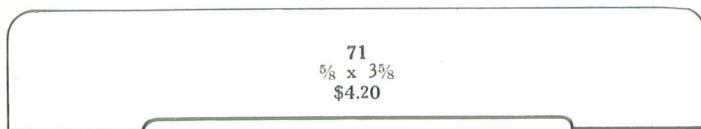
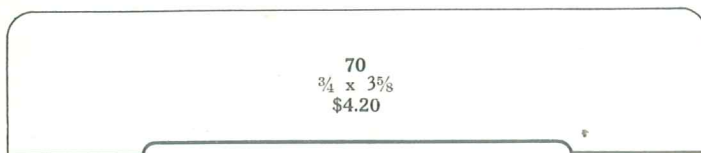
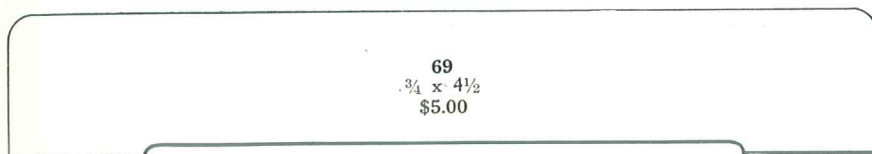
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

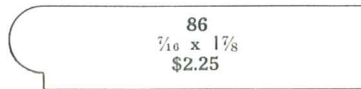
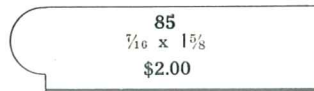
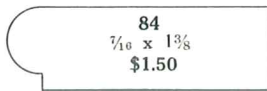
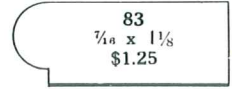
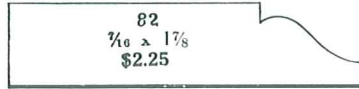
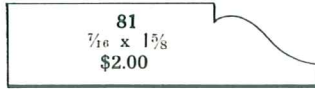
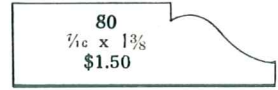
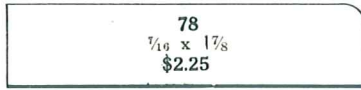
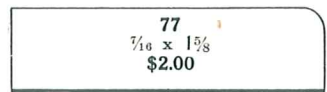
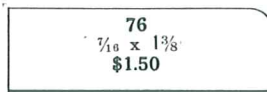
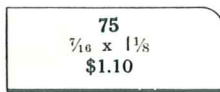


BACK BANDS

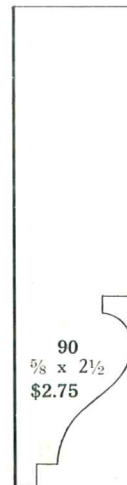
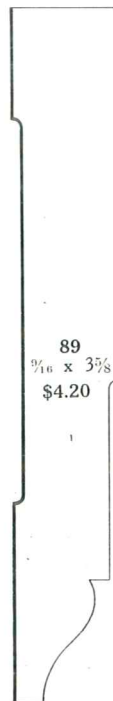
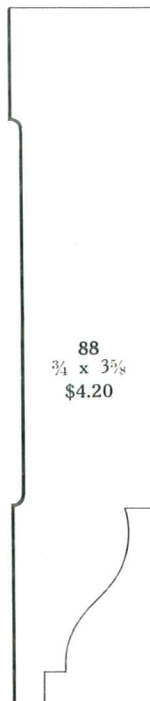


CASINGS

Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

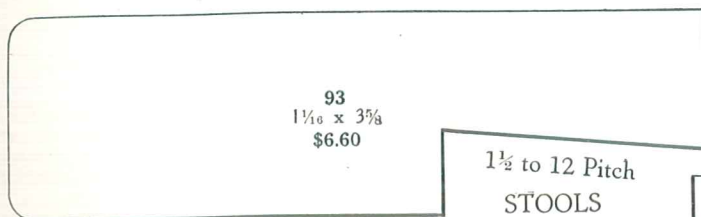
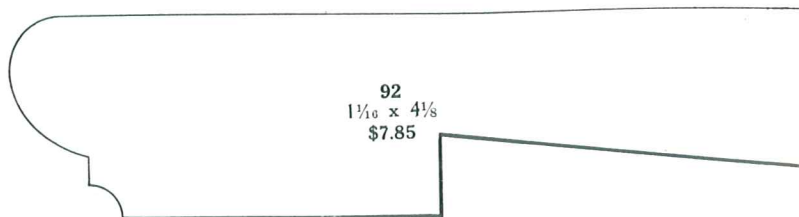
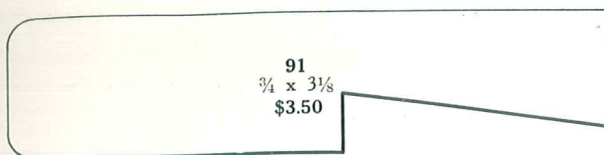


STOPS

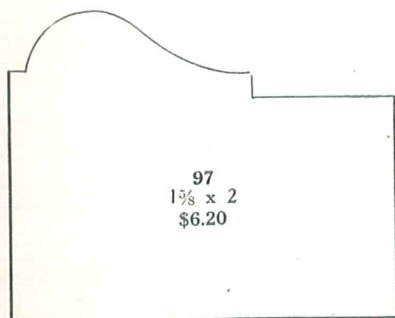
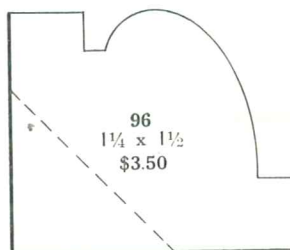
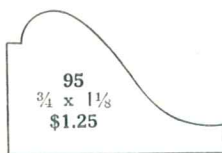
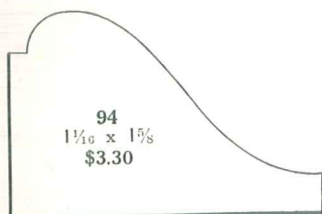


APRONS

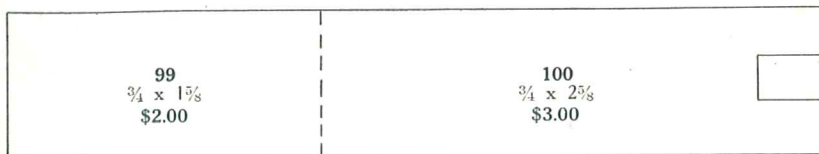
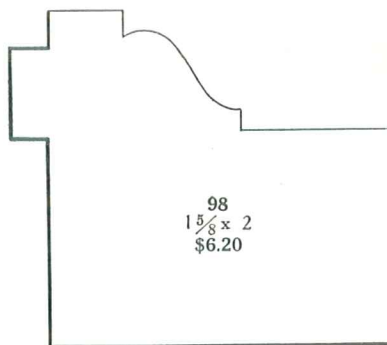
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 12 Pitch
 STOOLS

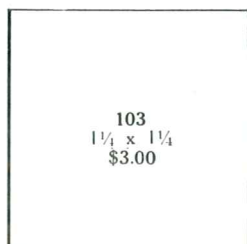
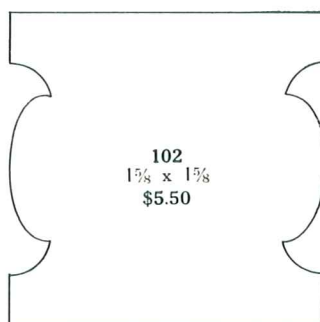
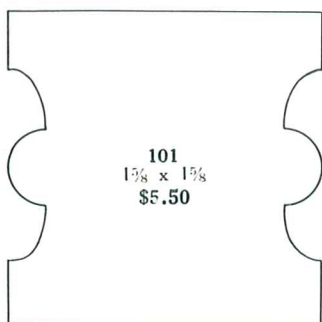


BRICK
 MOULDINGS

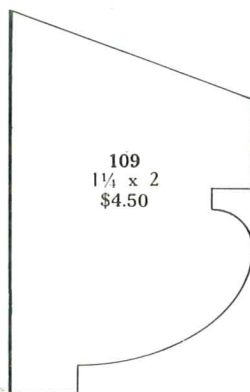
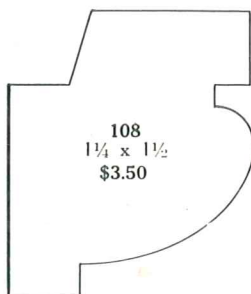
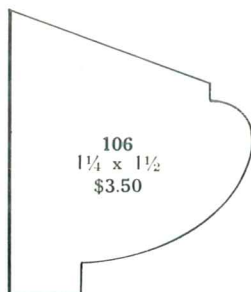
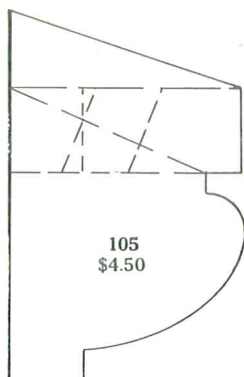
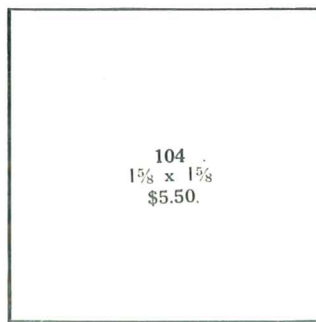


SCREEN STOCK

Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

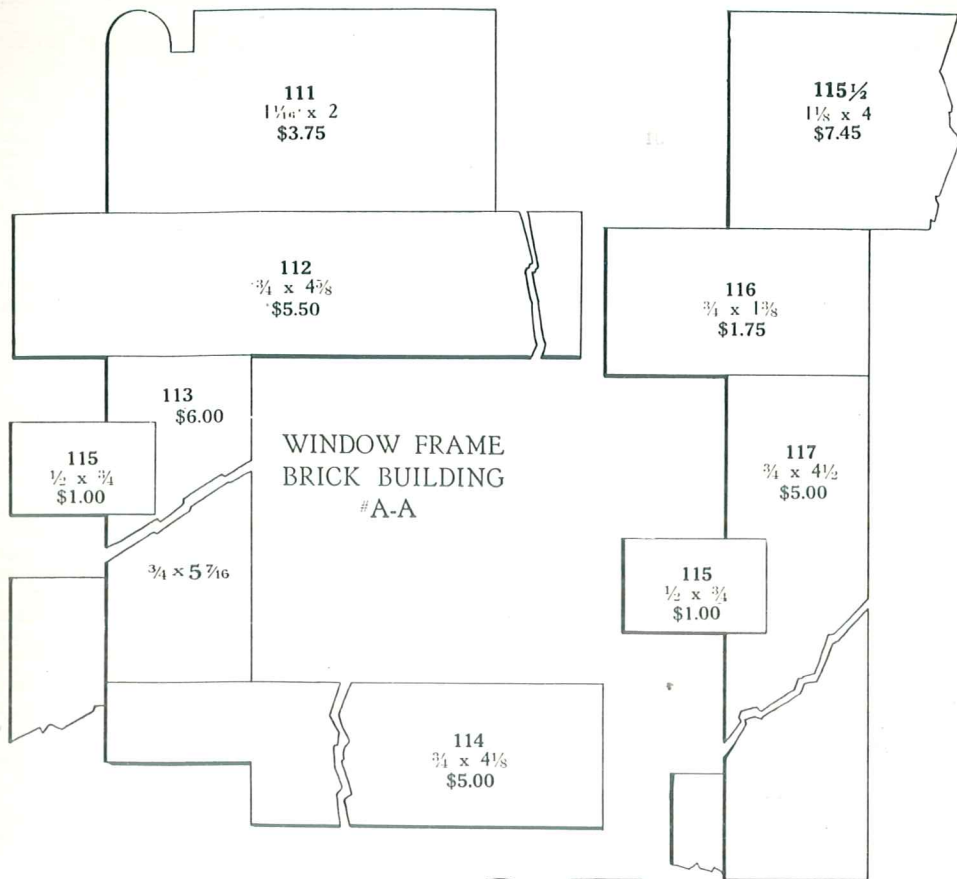


PORCH
BALUSTERS

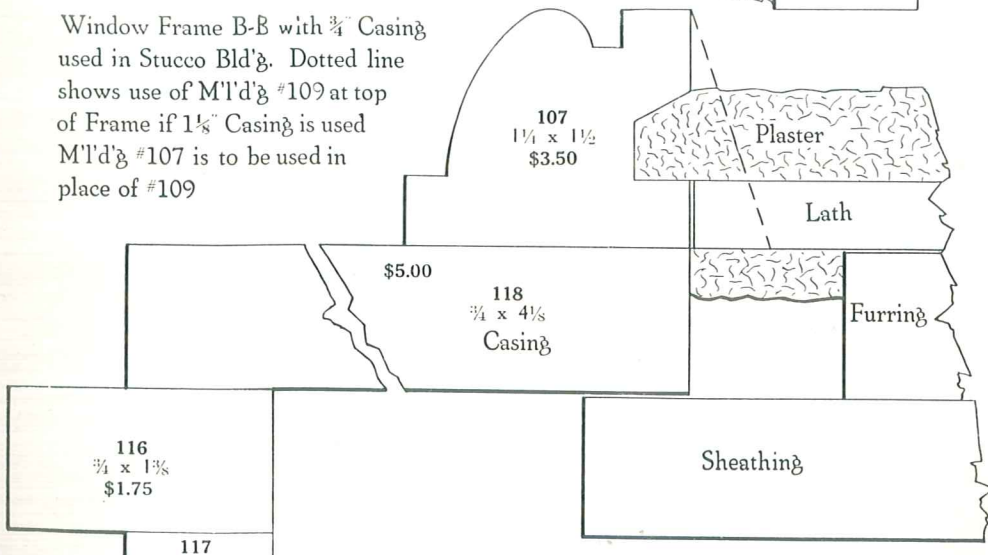


DRIP-FRIEZE-PLASTER-BRICK
BED CROWN MOULDINGS

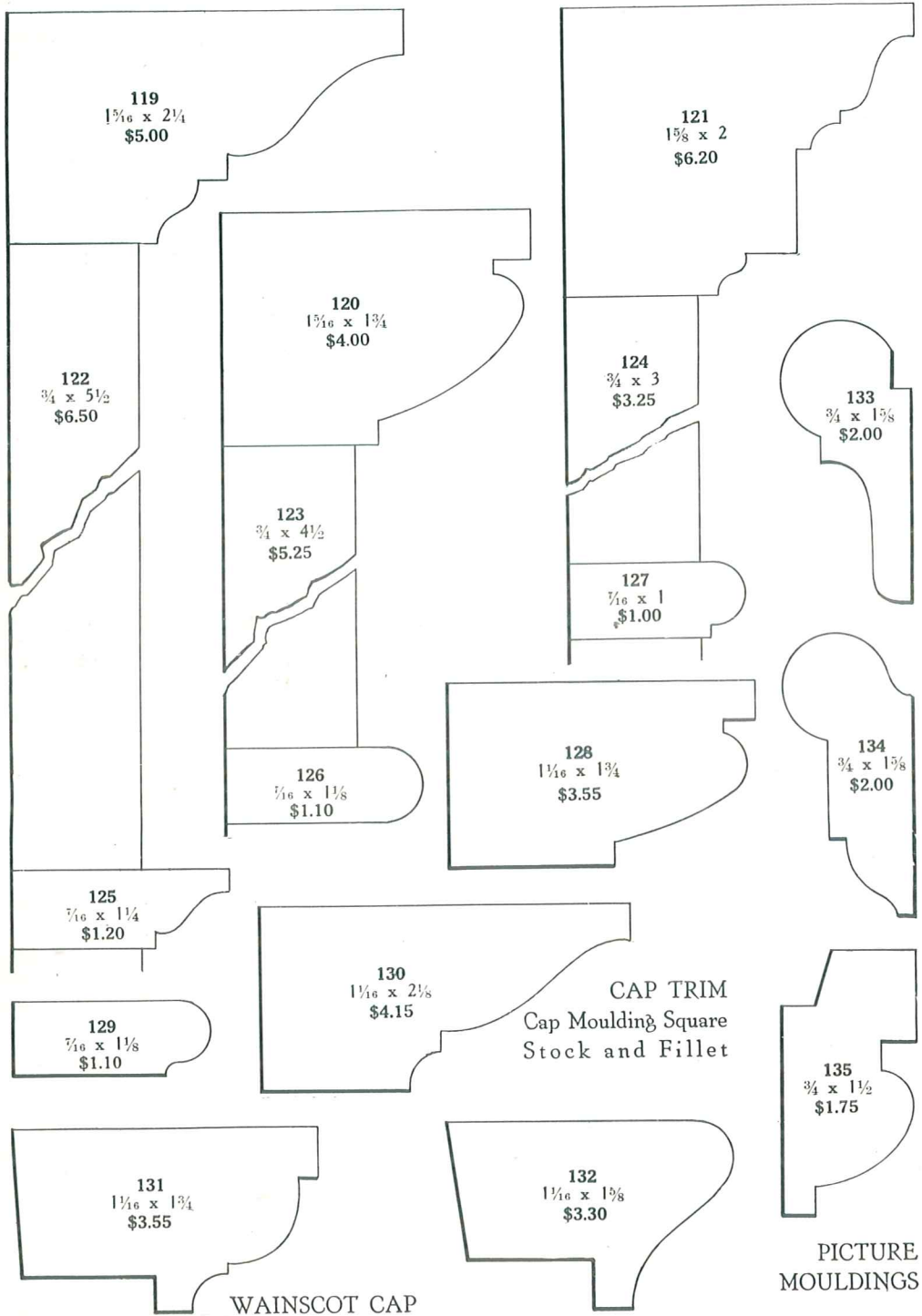
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



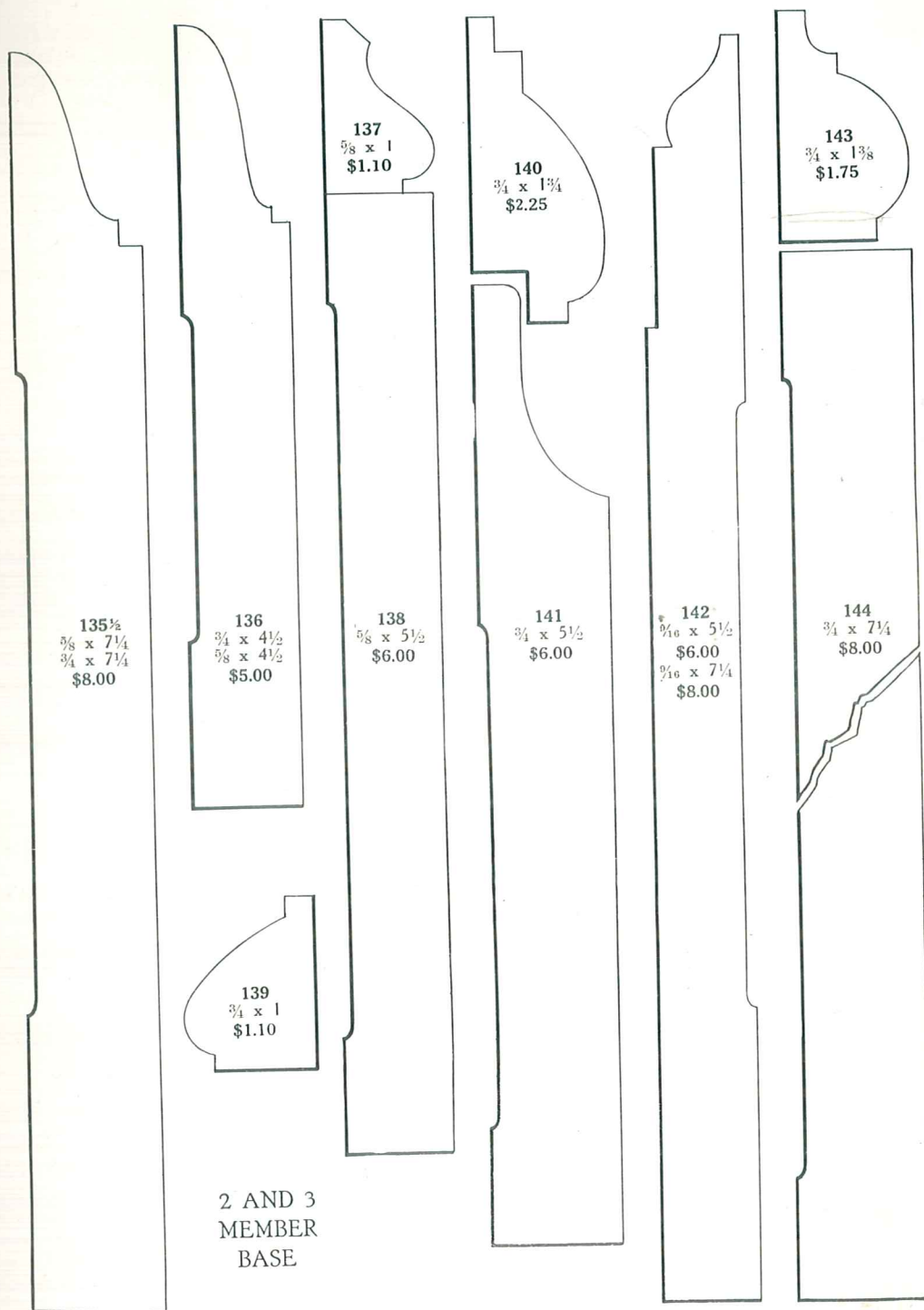
Window Frame B-B with $\frac{3}{4}$ " Casing used in Stucco Bld'g. Dotted line shows use of M'l'd'g #109 at top of Frame if $1\frac{1}{8}$ " Casing is used M'l'd'g #107 is to be used in place of #109



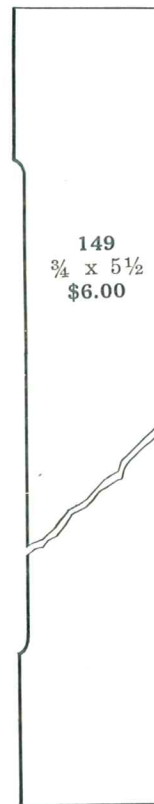
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



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LIST PRICE OF MOULDINGS

PRICES QUOTED ARE PER 100 LINEAL FEET

Page	No.	Size	Base Price	Page	No.	Size	Base Price
44.	1	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	\$2.75	50.	81	$\frac{7}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	\$2.00
44.	2	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{7}{8}$	10.75	50.	82	$\frac{7}{8}$ x $1\frac{7}{8}$	2.25
44.	3	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	5.00	50.	83	$\frac{7}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.25
44.	4	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	50.	84	$\frac{7}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50
44.	5	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{7}{8}$	4.00	50.	85	$\frac{7}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.00
44.	6	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	10.75	50.	86	$\frac{7}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	2.25
44.	7	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	50.	87	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{7}{8}$	4.20
45.	8	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	50.	88	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
45.	9	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	5.00	50.	89	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.20
45.	10	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{7}{8}$	4.00	50.	90	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75
45.	11	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	51.	91	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{7}{8}$	3.50
45.	12	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	2.75	51.	92	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{8}$	7.85
45.	13	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.00	51.	93	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{7}{8}$	6.60
45.	14	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	3.00	51.	94	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	3.30
45.	15	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	51.	95	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.25
45.	16	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	51.	96	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.50
45.	17	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.50	51.	97	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	6.20
46.	18	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	2.00	51.	98	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	6.20
46.	19	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4	7.45	51.	99	$1\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00
46.	20	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	6.60	51.	100	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	3.00
46.	21	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	52.	101	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	5.50
46.	22	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.25	52.	102	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	5.50
46.	23	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	52.	103	$1\frac{1}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	3.00
46.	24	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	52.	104	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	5.50
46.	25	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	52.	106	$1\frac{1}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	3.50
46.	26	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50	52.	107	$1\frac{1}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	3.50
46.	27	$1\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.55	52.	108	$1\frac{1}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	3.50
46.	28	$1\frac{1}{4}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	52.	109	$1\frac{1}{4}$ x 2	4.50
46.	29	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	52.	110	$1\frac{1}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.50
46.	30	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	53.	111	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	3.75
46.	31	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	53.	112	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{5}{8}$	5.50
46.	32	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75	53.	113	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{8}$	6.00
46.	33	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	53.	114	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{8}$	5.00
46.	34	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	53.	115	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00
47.	36	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{7}{8}$	4.20	53.	115 $\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x 4	7.45
47.	37	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	53.	116	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75
47.	38	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{7}{8}$	3.00	53.	117	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	5.00
47.	39	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	53.	118	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{8}$	5.00
47.	40	$1\frac{5}{8}$	5.50	54.	119	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
47.	41	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	5.00	54.	120	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	4.00
47.	42	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	.85	54.	121	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x 2	6.20
47.	43	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.00	54.	122	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.50
47.	44	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.40	54.	123	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	5.25
47.	45	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	1.80	54.	124	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3	3.25
47.	46	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	...	54.	125	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.20
47.	47	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	...	54.	126	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.10
47.	48	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3	3.25	54.	127	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1	1.00
47.	48	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 3	3.25	54.	128	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	3.55
47.	49	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	4.15	54.	129	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.10
48.	50	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.30	54.	130	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{8}$	4.15
48.	51	$1\frac{1}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.00	54.	131	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	3.55
48.	52	$\frac{3}{8}$ x 2	2.25	54.	132	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.30
48.	53	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	54.	133	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00
48.	54	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 1	1.25	54.	134	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	2.00
48.	55	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	54.	135	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.75
48.	56	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	54.	135 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
48.	57	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	55.	135 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
48.	58	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00	55.	136	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	5.00
48.	59	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.00	55.	136	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	5.00
48.	60	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	55.	137	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 1	1.10
48.	61	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.30	55.	138	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.00
48.	62	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	4.25	55.	139	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.10
48.	63	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x 3	5.40	55.	140	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1	2.25
48.	64	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	6.20	55.	141	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.00
49.	65	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.35	55.	142	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.00
49.	67	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	3.15	55.	142	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $7\frac{3}{4}$	8.00
49.	68	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.35	55.	143	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75
49.	69	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00	55.	143	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75
49.	70	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	55.	144	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
49.	71	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	56.	145	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.75
49.	72	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.20	56.	146	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
49.	73	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	2.35	56.	147	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 1	1.10
49.	74	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	56.	148	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
50.	75	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.10	56.	149	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.00
50.	76	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.50	46.	154	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1	1.00
50.	77	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	2.00	46.	155	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00
50.	78	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.25	46.	156	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$	1.00
50.	79	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	46.	157	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$	.80
50.	80	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.50	46.	158	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	.80
				46.	159	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	.80

LIST PRICE OF MOULDINGS—Continued

PRICES QUOTED ARE PER 100 LINEAL FEET

Page	No.	Size	Base Price	Page	No.	Size	Base Price
13	8000	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	\$3.50	19	8131	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50
13	8002	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	19	8132	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00
13	8003	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	19	8139	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	.80
13	8004	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{4}$	6.00	19	8140	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	.80
13	8005	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{5}{8}$	5.50	19	8141	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25
13	8006	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	4.75	19	8142	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75
14	8007	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	2.00	19	8145	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	.80
14	8008	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	19	8146	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00
14	8009	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	19	8150	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00
14	8010	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	19	8151	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50
14	8011	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	20	8161	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 1	1.25
14	8012	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	4.75	20	8167	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50
14	8013	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{5}{8}$	5.50	20	8174	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00
14	8014	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{4}$	3.50	20	8177	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2	2.25
15	8015	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1	1.25	20	8178	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2	2.25
15	8016	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.00	20	8180	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75
15	8017	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	20	8221	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	2.75
15	8018	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	21	8238	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	5.00
15	8019	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	21	8242	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	2.25
15	8020	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50	21	8256	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.30
15	8021	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	4.75	21	8258	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.25
15	8023	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	22	8263	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00
16	8024	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	2.00	22	8264	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	2.00
16	8025	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	22	8265	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00
16	8026	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	24	8266	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{4}$	3.50
16	8029	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50	24	8267	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	6.60
16	8030	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	24	8268	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	7.85
16	8031	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	2.00	24	8269	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	7.85
16	8032	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2	2.25	24	8269 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{3}{4}$	5.80
16	8033	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	25	8271	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00
16	8035	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	25	8273	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50
16	8036	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50	25	8274	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50
16	8037	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.90	25	8278	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.00
16	8038	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	3.30	26	8280	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	.85
16	8042	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	26	8281	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.00
16	8046	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.30	26	8282	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.40
16	8048	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	6.20	26	8283	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.30
17	8051	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1	2.25	26	8284	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	3.75
17	8054	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	26	8285	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	4.55
17	8055	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	3.50	26	8286	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 3	5.40
17	8057	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	5.80	26	8287	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	6.20
17	8059	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	27	8289	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
17	8060	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	27	8290	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	6.00
17	8061	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	27, 29	8308	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
17, 41	8063	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	27, 29	8309	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
17, 25	8064	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	27	8310	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	6.00
17, 34	8065	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	27	8311	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{4}$	6.00
17	8066	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.15	28	8341	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
17	8066 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.15	28	8342	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	6.00
17	8067	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75	28	8358	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
17	8075	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{8}$	1.00	29	8359	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
17	8076	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	29	8368	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.15
17	8077	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{1}{8}$	1.00	28	8374	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.35
17	8078	$\frac{1}{2}$ x 1	1.25	29	8378	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1	2.35
17	8079	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50	30	8378 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.50
17	8080	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	30	8379 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.50
18	8082	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	30	8384	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
18	8083	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.00	30	8385	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{4}$	6.00
18, 39	8084	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.10	30	8386 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
18, 36	8085	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	1.40	29	8387	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.15
18	8086	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{7}{8}$	1.60	31	8387 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	3.15
18	8089	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	31	8389	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.55
18	8090	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	2.00	31	8393	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	5.50
18	8091	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.25	23, 31, 32, 33, 39	8394	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{5}{8}$	5.50
18	8093	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	31	8395	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.10
18	8094	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{7}{8}$	2.25	31	8396	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	4.15
18	8095	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	23, 31, 33	8397	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 5	6.00
18	8096	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	31	8398	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.10
18	8097	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	32	8399	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	5.50
18	8098	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	32	8400	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 5	9.10
18	8115	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	32	8401	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	5.50
18	8116	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	32, 33	8403	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.20
18	8117	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	33	8410	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	5.00
18	8118	$\frac{7}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	34	8414	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.25
18	8119	$\frac{7}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	34	8415	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
18	8120	$\frac{7}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	34	8420	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.75
19	8123	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	34	8421	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
19	8124	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	3.75	34	8422	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00
19	8125	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	5.00	23, 35	8424	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
				35	8426	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00

LIST PRICE OF MOULDINGS—Continued

PRICES QUOTED ARE PER 100 LINEAL FEET

Page	No.	Size	Base Price	Page	No.	Size	Base Price
34	8427	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	22	8642	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
34	8430	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	22	8643	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{7}{8}$	4.20
36	8431	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	5.25	22	8655	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	1.40
36, 38, 39	8432	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	22	8656	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	1.80
37	8439	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 4	12.40	22	8657	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.50
37	8440	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{3}{4}$	6.50	22	8658	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00
38, 39	8441	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	3.75	22	8659	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	3.75
39	8443	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{8}$	4.75	22	8660	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00
39	8444	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{8}$	4.75	22	8665	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	3.75
40	8453	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	.....	22	8667	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50
42	8454	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	8.25	24	8669	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50
42	8454	$\frac{2}{8}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	19.80	25	8695	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	7.00
42	8455	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 3	8.95	25, 28	8696	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	7.60
43	8457	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	10.50	25	8700	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.00
15	8520	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2	2.25	23, 28, 29	8705	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
17	8530	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	28	8706	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
17	8531	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1	1.25	28	8707	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	6.00
17	8532	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2	2.25	29	8711	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
17	8535	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	29	8712	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
18, 38	8540	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	30	8713	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.35
18	8541	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	30	8716	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.50
18	8542	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	33	8721	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	4.50
18	8543	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{7}{8}$	2.25	33	8722	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 5	9.10
18	8544	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.75	34	8740	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.25
19	8560	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	34	8741	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.50
19	8561	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$	1.00	35	8790	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
19	8562	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	35	8828	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
19	8563	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	35	8829	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
19	8564	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{1}{8}$	1.00	43	8832	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 3	3.25
19	8570	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{1}{8}$	1.00	43	8833	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75
19	8571	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	36	8840	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	8.25
19	8600	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00	36	8850	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	2.75
19	8610	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	.80	36	8851	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{8}$	6.90
19	8611	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	.80	37	8855	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	5.50
19	8619	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	38	8860	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{8}$	6.00
20	8620	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	38	8862	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	8.25
20	8621	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75	39	8865	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	4.75
20	8623	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50	40	8875	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	....
20	8624	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	40	8876	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	....
20	8626	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3	3.25	40	8890	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	1.75
21	8627	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	40	8891	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.00
21	8628	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	1.80	41	8900	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.05
21	8629	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	1.80	41	8901	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.50
21	8635	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	41	8902	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	5.50
21	8636	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	4.00	41	8903	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	5.50
21	8638	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $5\frac{5}{8}$	9.90	41	8920	1 x $1\frac{1}{2}$	2.90
24	8640	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	41	8921	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	5.00
22	8641	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	41	8922	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	2.75

For Figuring Price on Special Mouldings Not in This Book.

STANDARD MOULDING LIST.

LIST PRICES PER 100 LINEAL FEET

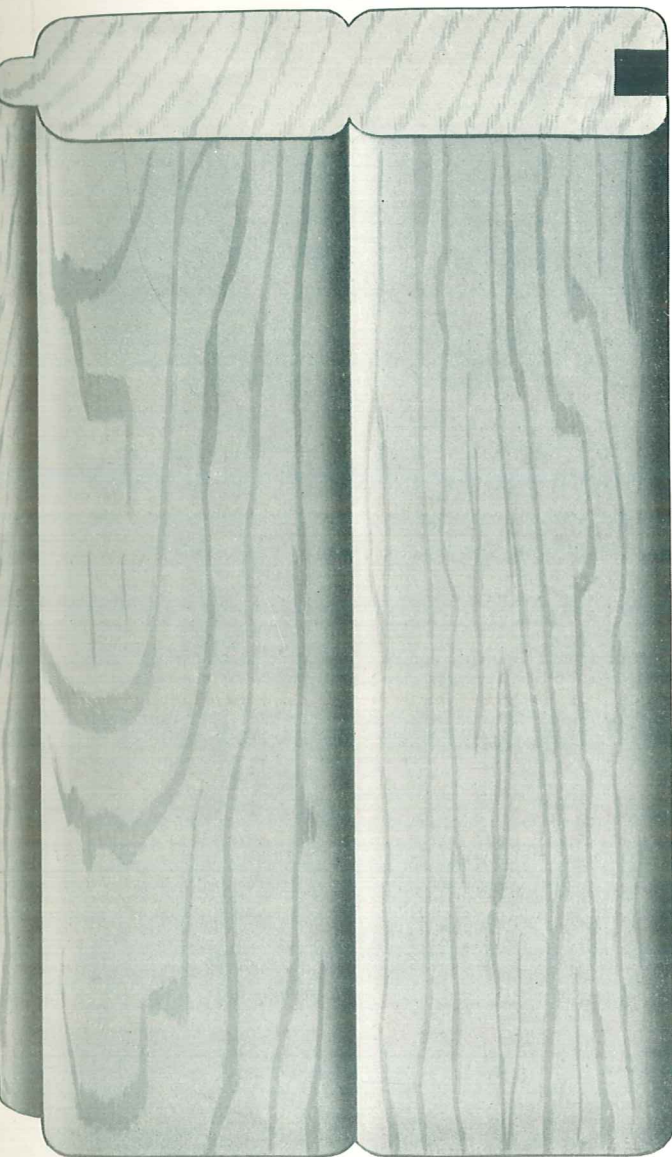
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch Stops	$\frac{1}{2}$ inch Stops	Width Inches	$\frac{3}{4}$ inch Thick	$1\frac{1}{8}$ inch Thick	$1\frac{3}{8}$ inch Thick	$1\frac{3}{4}$ inch Thick	$2\frac{1}{4}$ inch Thick	$2\frac{3}{4}$ inch Thick
\$1.00	\$1.00	$\frac{7}{8}$	\$1.00	....	....	....	....	....
1.00	1.25	$1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	\$2.10	....	....	....	....
1.10	1.50	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50	2.50	....	....	....	....
1.10	1.50	$1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75	2.90	\$3.50	....	....	....
1.40	1.75	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	2.90	3.50	....	....	....
1.40	2.00	$1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00	3.30	4.00	\$5.50	....	....
1.60	2.25	2	2.25	3.75	4.50	6.20	....	....
1.80	2.50	$2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	4.15	5.00	6.90	\$13.75	....
2.00	2.75	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	4.55	5.50	7.60	15.15	....
....	....	$2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	5.00	6.00	8.25	16.50	\$19.80
CASING & BASE $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. thick See Note A		3	3.25	5.40	6.50	8.95	17.90	21.45
		$3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50	5.80	7.00	9.65	19.25	23.10
....	4.20	$3\frac{1}{2}$	3.75	6.20	7.50	10.30	20.65	24.75
....	4.20	$3\frac{5}{8}$	4.00	6.60	8.00	11.00	22.00	26.40
....	4.50	$3\frac{3}{4}$	4.25	6.60	8.00	11.00	22.00	26.40
....	4.50	4	4.50	7.45	9.00	12.40	24.75	29.70
....	5.00	$4\frac{1}{4}$	4.75	7.85	9.50	13.05	26.15	31.35
....	5.25	$4\frac{1}{2}$	5.00	8.25	10.00	13.75	27.50	33.00
....	6.00	5	5.50	9.10	11.00	15.15	30.25	36.30
....	6.00	$5\frac{1}{4}$	6.00	9.90	12.00	16.50	33.00	39.60
....	6.50	$5\frac{1}{2}$	6.00	9.90	12.00	16.50	33.00	39.60
....	6.50	$5\frac{3}{4}$	6.50	10.75	13.00	17.90	35.75	42.90
....	7.00	6	6.50	10.75	13.00	17.90	35.75	42.90
....	7.00	$6\frac{1}{4}$	7.00	11.55	14.00	19.25	38.50	46.20
....	8.00	$6\frac{1}{2}$	7.00	11.55	14.00	19.25	38.50	46.20
....	8.00	7	8.00	13.20	16.00	22.00	44.00	52.80
....	8.00	$7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00	13.20	16.00	22.00	44.00	52.80
....	9.00	$8\frac{1}{4}$	9.50	15.70	19.00	26.15	52.25	62.70
....	10.00	$8\frac{3}{4}$	9.50	15.70	19.00	26.15	52.25	62.70
....	10.00	$9\frac{1}{4}$	10.00	16.50	20.00	27.50	55.00	66.00
....	12.00	$10\frac{1}{2}$	12.00	19.80	24.00	33.00	66.00	79.20
....	13.00	$11\frac{1}{4}$	12.00	19.80	24.00	33.00	66.00	79.20

A— $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch head casing, side casing, apron, base, and jamb stock are figured on the $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch casing and base list.

B—Rabbeted moulding—such as 8378, 8389, and 8420—add to list 25c.

C—Grooved plate rail—for each inch or fraction in width, add to list 25c.

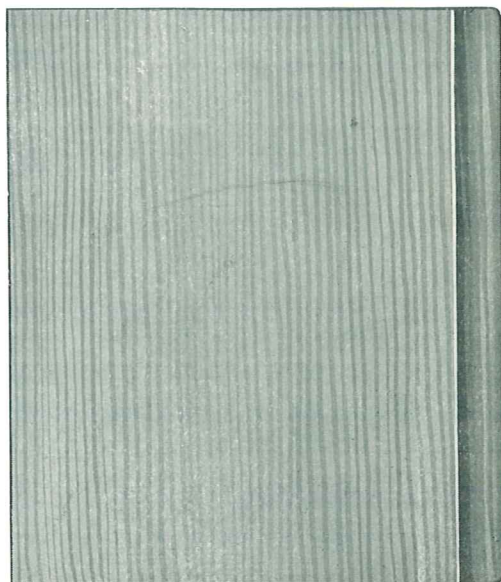
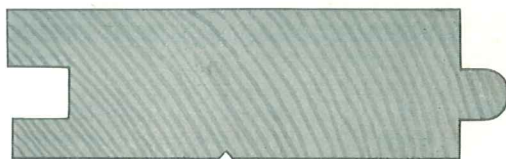
D—Wider than listed sizes—combine the largest equal lists, the finished sizes of which equal the required width.



Edged Grain (Quarter Sawed)
2 $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch Face Flooring
Actual Size



New England or Boston
"V" Ceiling
Actual Size. Sanitary Design





For Cheerful Homes
Arkansas Soft Pine Satin-like Interior Trim

S A T I N - L I K E



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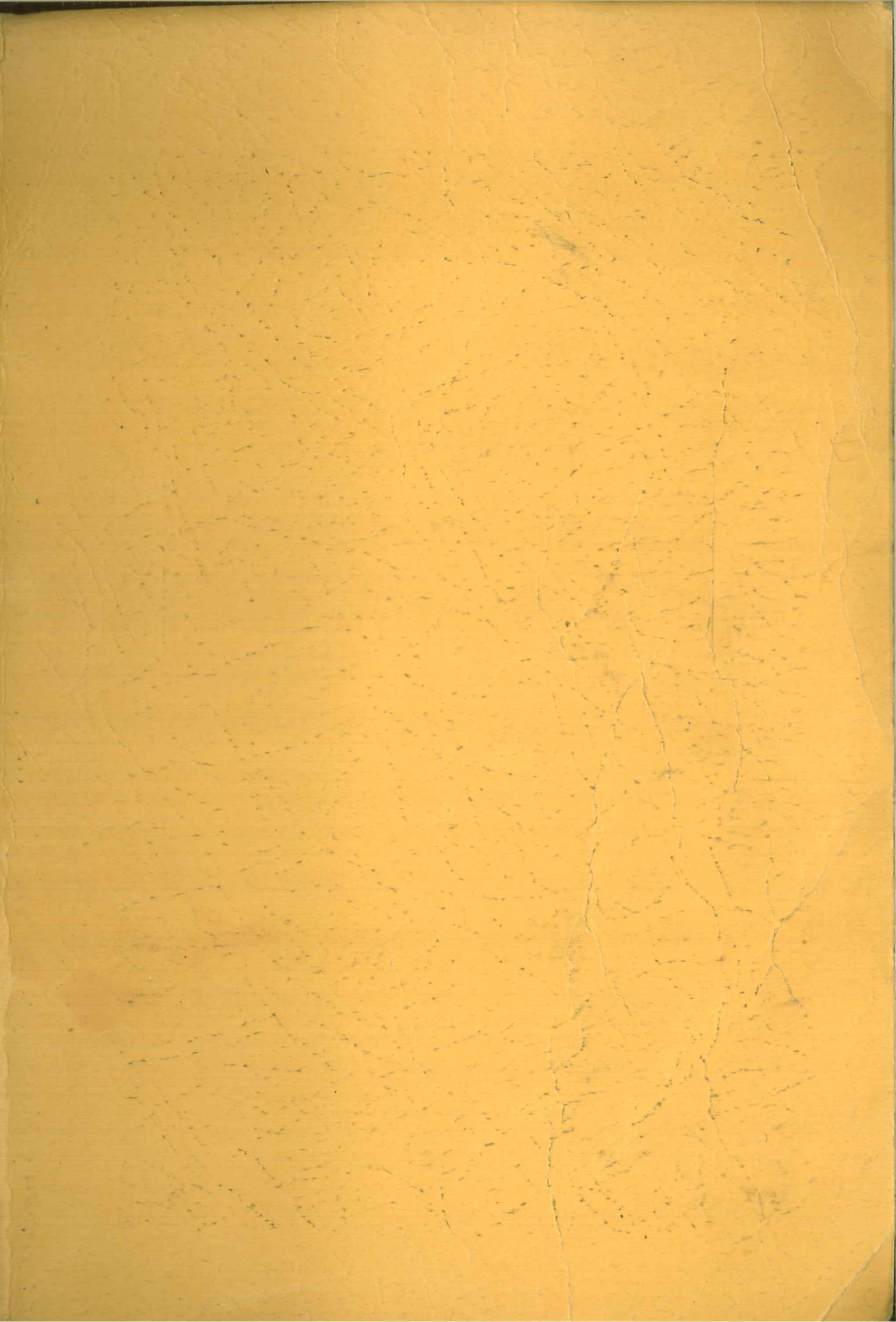
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Over 5,000 lumber dealers carry Arkansas Soft Pine
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